

The Raymond Recorder



The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL. 3

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, SEPT 18, 1925

NO. 224

Buy Your BEET KNIVES

From Us

The right style at lowest prices

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.

COMPANY, LIMITED

CHEVROLET

The Best Car at its Price

Ask us to Demonstrate

Today

CHEVROLET DEALERS

Knight and Meldrum

Garage

Tomorrow, Saturday, Sept. 19
Is the day of our big

ALUMINUM SALE

HUNDREDS OF REAL BARGAINS

Bennett & Co. Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

News Notes

The radio season is on and L. D. King has his radio at the garage stemmed up for the winter.

Bob Duncan, printer, son to Mrs. Collett, left here on Wednesday, for Cardston to operate the linotype recently installed by the Cardston News.

The largest batch of Clydesdale horses that has ever sailed from the Clyde, valued at £10,000, was embarked recently on the "Marloch." It consisted of 14 stallions and 3 fillies, and there were also ten Percherons from Antwerp on the "Marburn," while ten more Percherons and Belgians will be shipped at a later date. The horses were purchased by Mr. W. J. McCallum, of Brampton, Ontario, and Brandon, Manitoba.

George E. Buchanan, of Detroit, believes in romance. He believes in it so much that last year he took 48 Detroit boys for a trip to Alaska. This year he is going to take a good many more and he will include Canadian youngsters. He has been visiting in Toronto and his object is to find some boys willing to take a holiday in the Far North next July. Mr. Buchanan, who was born near Chatham in Ontario, has developed this unique hobby owing to having himself been taken on a trip to Alaska forty years ago when he was a boy.

Free Diamond Ring

The Rex Theatre is giving away free a genuine diamond ring on Friday, Sept. 25, in connection with the screening of Cecil B. DeMille's production, "The Golden Bed." Bring your coupons. And don't forget that "Black Cyclone" is showing next Wednesday and Thursday.

News Notes

John Ralph, of the Toronto Police force, is visiting relatives here having been called home to attend the funeral of his father, Fred W. Ralph, sr.

New Fords purchased recently at King Motors are: Light delivery by T. O. King, light delivery by Carl Baptist, coupe by A. Bullock, coupe by Morris Bullock, and a touring by W. D. Walton.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Nilsson celebrated their silver wedding last Saturday. Many were present and many beautiful gifts were received by Mrs. Nilsson.

19 Cars Visitors from Brooks Here Monday

Next Monday Raymond will be honored by a visit of a motor caravan of 19 cars of business men and farmers from Brooks who will take a three days' tour of Southern Alberta. Plans are now being formed for their reception here.

Regarding this excursion the Brooks Bulletin says:

At a recent meeting of the Bow Valley Sugar Beet Committee, held at Duchess, final plans were laid and the date set for the excursion into the south country where the beet fields and the new sugar factory will be visited.

The dates set are September 20, 21 and 22. The excursion will start from two points, namely Brooks and Bassano. The group leaving Bassano will start at 9:30 a. m. on Sunday morning, will go by way of Gleichen, then south through the Arrowood and Milo districts to Vulcan, where they will arrive between 12 and 1 o'clock and stop for lunch.

The group leaving Brooks will start at 8 o'clock sharp on Sunday morning, to south and west by the Bow City Bridge through Lomond and arrive at Vulcan where the two groups meet for lunch.

From Vulcan the party will proceed southward to Lethbridge arriving early enough to spend two or three hours in going over the Dominion Government farm.

On Monday morning the party will be conducted personally by Mr. Taylor, foreman for the Canadian Beet fields will be visited en route to Raymond. Methods of cultivation, soil preparation, estimated tonnage, etc., will be explained, on each field visited, by having a man with the party who is acquainted with all of the growers and who knows where all of the fields are. The utmost amount of information could be secured.

On arrival at Raymond the party will be conducted through the sugar factory, and the refining of sugar, from the time the beets arrive until the sacks of sugar go out, will be explained.

The party will probably return to Cardston and Taber.

Owen Hill to Act As Sugar Salesman

Orvin Morris, traffic manager for the Utah-Idaho Sugar Co., and Frank Eardly, assistant sales manager, arrived here this week from Salt Lake City.

Mr. Eardly left last evening for Calgary and other points on a get-acquainted trip to interview prospective customers, and to demonstrate beet sugar. He was accompanied by Owen Hill, who has been promoted from the position of book keeper to that of demonstrating salesman.

At Calgary they will meet manager T. Geo. Wood, who left here on Wednesday, accompanied by Mrs. Wood and Mrs. Horace Hodge.

Mr. Hill's former position here will be taken by a book keeper who will arrive soon from Salt Lake City.

A Hungarian sustained severe injuries last Wednesday while he was descending in the elevator at the factory. Considering the magnitude of the factory construction it has been practically free of serious injuries to workmen.

Alfalfa as Fertilizer

In the case of farmers having alfalfa to plow under this fall on land which they are preparing for beets, the following item published by John P. Holmgren of Box Elder County, will be of interest as well as instructive along this line.

The beet crop in Box Elder County this season is equal to any crop that has been produced at any time during the period of beet culture here. Where proper fertilization has been applied either through the application of barnyard manure or the plowing under of second or third crop alfalfa there are many crops that will average from 20 to 25 tons per acre. A splendid showing is the result of scalping the third crop of alfalfa during the month of September, plowing about 3 inches deep and then double disking the land, pulverizing the soil and mixing the alfalfa thoroughly and giving it a chance to decay and preventing the alfalfa from growing. About a month later plow the field again from 8 to 10 inches deep, which practice the Sugar Company and a few farmers have followed for three years and have secured splendid yields of beets, equal to barnyard fertilization.

The land that the Company operates at Fielding is a heavy soil underlaid with clay which is quite impervious to water and has been cropped with dry land wheat every other year for thirty years previous to the Company's purchasing the land. Alfalfa was planted on it, and the yield was only 6 tons per acre, and irrigated five times. The same number of irrigations will be applied this season providing that harvesting begins about October 1st, and no unusual amount of rain falls.

It is an excellent method to plow under the beet tops, shortly after the topping is done, since they contain much valuable plant food for the succeeding beet crop.

Beets will continue a profitable crop for four consecutive years after plowing under a heavy four year old third crop of alfalfa. Fall plowing for beets insures early spring planting and splendid germination, provided they are not planted over 1 1/2 inches deep.

The School Fair

A total of 112 school fairs will be held this year throughout the province under the auspices of the departments of agriculture and education. In 1924 there were approximately 185,000 entries which will give some idea of the large number of children competing.

The Raymond school fair to be held next Wednesday and Thursday promises to be the most successful ever held here. In addition to the government prize list the local association has issued extra lists, with special prizes donated by Raymond firms. This is adding much general interest to the event and there will undoubtedly be keen competition in every class.

Fine weather yesterday was highly welcome to farmers. Previous rains had begun to cause damage to cut grain and have held up threshing operations.

Rex Theatre

Tonight and Saturday

Husbands and Lovers

A picture everyone should see, both married and single
SPECIAL All couples who have been married within the past three years will be admitted free on Friday night only.

REMEMBER WEDNESDAY NEXT

Rex, King of Wild Horses, in

BLACK CYCLONE

The most amazing drama ever filmed

ALSO TWO REEL COMEDY

Admission 25c and 45c

MATINEE THURSDAY AT 4.15

FRIDAY NEXT

Cecil B. DeMille's THE GOLDEN BED

Prices 25c and 45c

Diamond Ring Free Friday Night

Of Interest to

LADIES

We have just unpacked a splendid shipment of

Ladies' Hosiery

which we have priced moderately

We are sure we can please you. Call in

The Broadway Store

These Long and Cold Evenings can be made the most enjoyable part of the year if you own an

Atwater-Kent Radio

It brings the best entertainers, musicians and speakers from all parts of the continent right into your home. Listen in on concerts and entertainments from dozens of stations. Get baseball results inning by inning, important news events before they are published in newspapers, market quotations daily. And when you buy a radio get the best. Atwater-Kent is unsurpassed, and is priced as low as any high quality radio. Let us explain our terms and demonstrate our radio.

KING MOTORS

L. D. KING

Recorder's New Press

The new job press which arrived at the Recorder office last week is now installed and in operation. It is of the New Series Chandler & Price construction, weighs 2,300 pounds, and its cost exceeds \$700. This new addition to the mechanical end of the Recorder plant makes a total of three presses at command of the Raymond public, and enables us to use the press best adapted to the job in turning out quality work in the shortest possible time.

All three presses are operated by motor power.

The local Board of Trade is planning a monster celebration to mark the opening of the factory early in October. Details later.

Big Carnival Soon

Arrangements are being made to hold a gigantic carnival, by local organizations, on October 9 and 10. This event, which will be known as the "Beet" Harvest Carnival, will be the largest of its kind ever staged here.

Plans are being made to include a number of big features among which will be numbered a Popular Lady Contest and a banquet.

For two afternoons the Opera House will be the scene of dancing and festivity. Details will be given later.

Morrill Elder has resigned from the staff of King Motors. His place has been taken by George Romeril.

RED ROSE COFFEE "is good coffee"

The Cow Behind The Wagon

Deafening things are said and written these days about the present generation of youths and maidens, and sharp contrasts to their disadvantage are drawn with their parents and grandparents. We hear and read much to the effect that the young men and women of this age are going to the dogs; that they lack the morals, the stamina, the strength of character of previous generations. Much the same kind of thing was said of mankind in general prior to the Great War—that the race had lost its virility, its power of endurance, its courage and willingness to sacrifice and suffer. But the war demonstrated the falsity of such statements.

None the less it is true that we have lost some of the things that made our fathers and mothers the salt of the earth. In recent years we have heard a good deal about hard times, but contrasted with what the early pioneers of this country had to endure, these years were times of plenty and ease.

The world progresses and it is only right and what should be that succeeding generations should not be called upon to undergo the trials and struggles of bygone days. But our modern civilization, with all its manifold comforts and conveniences, has caused the young men and women of today to expect too much for what they are willing to give; to assume the attitude that the world owes them a living and that they are going to collect it in the easiest and quickest possible way.

Our attention was recently directed to a little local item appearing in a United States paper about a couple that was taking a deferred honeymoon, a honeymoon that took place twenty-five years after marriage. In that item it was stated that this couple, which has achieved a substantial success in the quarter century since marriage, had taken the original wedding trip in a lumber wagon with a cow behind the wagon, a gift of the bride's parents to the happy and hopeful couple.

This little reminder of a quarter century ago struck a popular chord in many memories, for within ten days after the article appeared not less than ten people dropped in at the newspaper office to tell the editor that they, too, had had a cow behind the wagon after the wedding ceremony, and that their only wedding journey was from the home of the bride to the new home where the couple was to start housekeeping. Most of those who came in were people to whom the years have given good things, many of them being able to buy cows today by the herd, if they wanted the critters. All of them gave credit for their success to their willingness to start with little and work hard for advancement.

The cow behind the wagon, says this newspaper, is symbolic of a generation of real workers, men and women who faced the world with little but with earnest ambition, willing to give for what they wanted. Armed with youth, determination, health and strength, the world was theirs for the taking.

The pioneers of fifty, even twenty-five years ago, first required a home. But the ambition of a large percentage of young people today is to own an automobile, whether they have a home or not. They will mortgage the future for present gratification. Forgetful, or perhaps ignorant, that "it is not the original cost but the upkeep," they blithely sign a bunch of promises to pay, till up the tank with gas and are off. Off to where?

Despite all the talk of hard times, there are more advantages for the ordinary man and woman today than there have ever been before, but the men and women who wish to attain success must be prepared to pay the same price as our fathers and mothers and those before them paid. They must give before they get.

Word, hard work, and lots of it is one of the fine things life has to offer. There is nothing quite so satisfying as to begin at the bottom and climb to start with little and accumulate for yourself. The boy or girl who does not have to strive for themselves, but who have everything found for them by their parents, are not the really fortunate ones, as we are sometimes led to believe. The young couple starting out in life where their parents left off miss the joy of achievement which their fathers and mothers experienced, and they never know that close and sympathetic comradeship which is realized by those who plan and work together shoulder to shoulder.

After Many Years

French and Belgian Troops Turn Ruhr Over to Germans

The French and Belgian troops have turned over the Ruhr to the Germans after four years occupation, undertaken to compel Germany to pay reparations. There were no disturbances, no demonstrations, no public expression of either regret or pleasure. There were, however, many emotional partings between young French soldiers and their German sweethearts.

Waiting impatiently outside the city, 1,500 security police were assembled to take over the general policing.

The allied army marched out with bands playing.

Mrs. Dumb (who has just received her C. O. D. package from the butcher shop).—"Here, take these codfish right back. I ordered herring."

Sometimes people don't mind their own business because they haven't any mind.

Danger From Yellow Races

Is Economic Rather Than Military Says Dean Inge

Dean Inge, who recently visited Canada, thinks the danger to the white race will come, not from the black nor from the red races, but from the yellow and the brown—the Japanese, the Chinese, and the Indians. He believes that for a long time to come the danger will not be of a military but of an economic character. The question was how the high-standard European and American was to cope with the cheap labor, perhaps directed by white capital, of the Asiatic races.

Furs Bring Good Prices

Weasel and lynx brought good prices at the recent fur auctions at Winnipeg, and the demand for fox has not been very keen. The offering of silver fox was said not to be of the best quality. Better grades of skins were in fair demand. About 75 buyers, a number from the United States, were present.

Rapid Fire Gun Disappears

Failed to Arrive at Franch Station and Cannot Be Found

Mystery surrounds the disappearance of a newly invented rapid fire gun built on lines of the Lewis gun, from which great things had been hoped for. The weapon disappeared from the railroad depot at Franch la Gallarde, France, while in transit.

The gun, which is the invention of the workmen of a Tulle arms factory, was being shipped to a proving ground for trial before a parliamentary commission prior to its adoption by the army. It failed to arrive and an inquiry was started. It was traced to Franch la Gallarde, where the box in which it had been packed was found to have been opened. Parts of the gun were scattered about the depot. It is not known whether the parts were abstracted to be copied in the interest of some foreign power or whether the breaking open of the box was due to carelessness by railway employees.

Home Not Complete Without Nerviline

When your stomach is badly upset, when you are belching gas and suffering from nausea, the quickest relief will come from 20 drops of Nerviline. Take it in sweetened water and you get an immediate result. Nerviline has been used for nearly half a century and is considered a necessity in most houses, because of its usefulness in preventing many small ills that constantly arise. Sold everywhere in 35 cent bottles.

Trying New Experiment

Boys in London Orphanage Educated As Individuals

In this day of specialization it is interesting to read of a novel experiment in education which is being tried, so far with signal success, by one of the orphanages of London. Each boy is treated as an individual, and a separate timetable is drawn up for his benefit. Class work is in this way abolished altogether. A boy is encouraged to specialize in the particular branch for which he is fitted, and the confident hope is expressed that in this way those whom the institution sends out into the world will be found specially equipped for the vocation in life they are to follow.

TONIC TREATMENT FOR INDIGESTION

The Surest Way to Remove Stomach Trouble is Through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

When the stomach is feeble and food lies in it undigested, the poisonous gases distend the walls of the stomach and cause serious interference with the other organs, especially with the action of the heart and lungs. These poisonous gases have other ill-effects. They are absorbed by the blood and so weaken and corrupt it as to cause aches in remote parts of the body and the formation of unhealthy tissue everywhere. Experience shows that these troubles vanish just as soon as the stomach is made strong enough to digest the food. In other words, it needs a tonic that will enable it to do the work of changing the food into nourishment. The tonic used ought to be one that will agree with the most delicate stomach and this is exactly what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do.

Here is a bit of convincing proof given by Mrs. Chas. Ladner, Ellerslie, P.E.I., who says:—"For some years I was a sufferer from stomach trouble. Everything I ate caused distress, sour stomach and belching. I could not eat meat or potatoes, and I grew weak and very nervous. No medicine seemed to help me until I was persuaded to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and these promptly worked wonders. I took the pills faithfully for a couple of months, by which time every symptom of the trouble had disappeared, and there has not since been the slightest symptom of stomach trouble. No wonder I praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Peanuts and Almonds

Mr. Jack Prout, an enterprising young farmer near Portage la Prairie, has made a venture this year by attempting to grow peanuts and almonds. So far he has succeeded, and expects to have a satisfactory crop. Although he sowed his initial crop last year with good results, he embarked on a larger scale this season, and hopes it may prove a remunerative investment.

Invents New Method of Weaving

Cutting of cotton imports into Germany by half may result from a new method of weaving cloth with hemp, invented by the German textile expert, Dr. Gindler. The hemp, it is expected, will replace in part the cotton formerly used in the cloth. There are about 5,000,000 acres of moorland in Germany adapted to the raising of hemp.

There are now twenty women holding seats in the national parliament of Finland.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" - Insist!

For Colds Headache
Neuralgia Rheumatism
Lumbago Pain

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetide, a division of Bayer AG, Germany.

Twins Think in Unison

Brothers in Warsaw Are An Enigma to Scientists

A pair of twins, about 50 years of age, are an enigma to physicians and scientists. The twins appear to think and act in unison. An unexpected thought harbored by one of the twin brothers appears to spring into the mind of the other almost simultaneously. What one desires the other also wants and each and every suggestion by one is accepted at once by the other. Said to have been at one time wealthy, the twin brothers have for some time been in poverty and around their home near Warsaw. Pride apparently prevented them asking for aid and they are said to have entered a suicide pact. Wrapping heavy fur collared coats about themselves, the twins lay down in a chicken coop to die. After being in the coop for several days they were found half starved.

Nights of Agony come in the train of asthma. The victim cannot lie down, and sleep is driven from his brain. What grateful relief is the immediate effect of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. It banishes the frightful conditions, clears the passages, and enables the afflicted one to again sleep as soundly and restfully as a child. Insist on the genuine at your nearby druggist.

Strange Marine Creatures

Angler Reports That Weird Reptiles

Long-necked, rough skinned creatures who waddled across the surface of the earth long before men, monkeys and evolution was heard of, are now living in the depths of Okanagan Lake, in the southern interior of British Columbia. It was reported to John P. Babcock, deputy commissioner of fisheries, by an angler of this district.

He is preparing to go forth and do battle with the monsters who live unknown in the lake bottom. Armed with a rifle, he plans to shoot one of the creatures and take it ashore.

Mr. Babcock's theory that big sturgeon, and not serpents, are causing the discussion in the Okanagan district, are treated with silent contempt by the men who claim to have seen the terrifying visitors.

British Coal Exports Increase

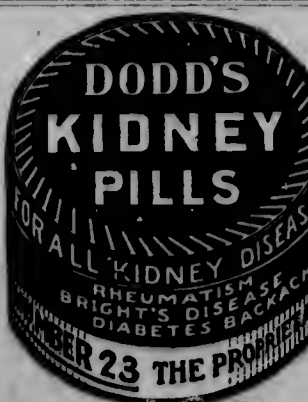
A statement of the coal division of the department of commerce on the British coal situation, sent by radio from London, points out that, while British coal exports fell off in the first seven months of the year, the export of 319,000 tons to Canada in the seven-month period represented a big increase. The British coal industry is said to be slowly resuming operations after the labor crisis.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Remover.

Distinguishing Marks Necessary

There are so many people named Smith in England, that a symbol, known as the monomark, has been patented to distinguish them. There are a total of 530,000 Smiths in business. Of these 204,000 are J. Smith, 41,000 John Smith, 30,000 John W. Smith and 5,000 John William Smith.

Marriage is the end of all man's troubles—one end or the other.



SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 13

PAUL IN THESSALONICA AND BOREA

Golden Text: Prove all things; hold fast that which is good. I. Thessalonians 5:21.

Lesson: Acts 17:1-12.
Devotional Reading: I. Thessalonians 5:21.

The Text Explained and Illumined

Paul preaches in Thessalonica, verses 1-3.—From Philippi Paul and his companion went by way of the cities of Amphipolis and Apollonia to Thessalonica. Here at Thessalonica they remained several months, as we know from Paul's letters to the Thessalonians, but Luke speaks only of his preaching in the synagogue for three successive Sabbaths. Luke says he "reasoned with them"; he cited Scripture passages which were prophetic of the Christ; he then showed that Jesus fulfilled these prophecies, and thus reasoned, or argued, that Jesus is the Christ. Arnot explains Paul's reasoning by this figure: "The Jews were like little children who had a tree in their garden, their father's legacy. The children had gathered the nuts as they grew, and laid them up with reverence in a store house; but they knew not how to break open the shell and so get the meat out of the nuts. Paul broke the shell, opened out the kernel, and presented it as food to the hungry."

A Power of Its Own.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has a subtle power of its own. All who have used it know this and keep it by them as the most valuable liniment available. Its uses are innumerable and for many years it has been prized as the leading liniment for man and beast.

The End Of Material Things

Says Earth May Not Last More Than Hundred Million Years

The earth may not last more than another hundred million years, but man will live forever, declared Sir Oliver Lodge in an address in England.

The spirit of man is the only lasting thing in a universe of change, according to the eminent scientist, who said that nothing goes out of existence except material things.

"Mighty forces, of which we have no conception, are going on in space. A constant energizing thing exists in the universe which will outlast the earth. When this earth is disintegrated into its component parts that force will be at work still, creating universes of a magnitude incomprehensible to the finite mind of man."

Redeemable at Option of Government On March 1, 1926

The Canadian Government has sold to the Chase Securities Corporation, and Blair and Company, Inc., New York, \$70,000,000 of one-year four per cent treasury gold notes due September, 1926, the proceeds of which are to be used in connection with the retirement of one-year notes amounting to \$90,000,000 maturing September 15, 1925.

The balance of \$20,000,000, it is announced, will be paid out of cash on hand.

The notes are redeemable at the option of the government on March 1, 1926, and thereafter at par and accrued interest, on 30 days public notice.

Entitled to First Prize

Six hundred and twenty-two pounds of proud womanhood won the first prize in the annual fat women's contest at Conay Island, New York, capturing the honors from 187 other contestants. Possessor of the winning poundage is Miss Dollie Maria Jensen, 22 years old of Jersey City. Enroute to the contest she broke the springs of two taxicabs and became so thoroughly lodged in the door of another that 20 minutes were required to extricate her.

Miller's Worm Powders prove their value. They do not cause any violent disturbance in the stomach, any pain or griping, but do their work quietly and painlessly, so that the destruction of the worms is imperceptible. Yet they are thorough, and from the first dose there is improvement in the condition of the sufferer and a cessation of manifestations of internal trouble.

New Liquid Motor Fuel

A new liquid motor fuel called carbonan, invented by Makhnanin, a Russian, is said to have given ten to fifteen per cent. higher efficiency than benzene when tested by the French navy.

Buenos Aires Wakes Up

The croasword puzzle craze, unknown to the general public a few weeks ago, has struck Buenos Aires and is spreading rapidly into the interior.

Performing Gold Fish

Two gold fish are the stars of a show in Birmingham, England. In a large bowl they perform all kinds of tricks. Their stunts have been a success at 150 performances.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

1/2 lb Package



Now your grocer has the cheese you like so well in this handy size.



Flying Into Matrimony

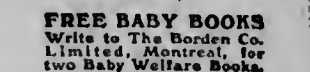
Swedish Couple Had Ceremony Performed On Board Aeroplanes

A young Swedish couple were recently married while flying through the air on board an aeroplane. When the machine, carrying a full complement of passengers, had risen to a height of 1,500 ft., an altar was erected in the cabin, before which a Swedish clergyman performed the marriage ceremony, with a lawyer and his wife as witnesses. A wedding breakfast was then served, and the health of the couple drunk in champagne by all the passengers. The clergyman and the lawyer left the machine at Hamburg, but the couple continued their honeymoon trip to Amsterdam.

The needle of a Chinese compass points to the south.



FREE BABY BOOKS
Write to The Borden Co. Limited, Montreal, for two Baby Welfare Books.



For Quick Hot Water

Fill an SMP Enamelled Tea Kettle. Set it on the stove. No Kettle will boil water quicker. That means convenience, time saved, too. All SMP Enamelled utensils are very fast coming to the boil and in their job of cooking. Not only quicker to cook with, but easier, more quickly cleaned after. The best any way you look at it. Think this over.

SMP Enamelled TEA KETTLES Save Fuel

W. N. U. 1593

Children Cry for



Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER:—Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *W. C. Fletcher*. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Build Giant Airplanes To Carry Passengers Across Atlantic Is Dream Of Aircraft Expert

The scheme to build giant aeroplanes capable of crossing the Atlantic, with an estimated passenger list of one hundred, and fifty voyagers, besides the weight of engines, baggage, fuel and crew, is the grand dream of Mr. J. J. Navarro, whose experience as aircraft expert entitles his proposal to respectful attention. That it comes within the compass of up-to-date aerial adventure is shown by the remarkable flight of Drouhin and Landry, the French aviators who recently stayed aloft more than forty-five hours and covered a distance of four thousand kilometres, enough to foreshadow the possibility of traversing by plane the big pond in the regular way of traffic. Such an achievement, says the Minneapolis Journal, would be simply an extension of what is being done overland alike in Europe and the United States. Improvements of late years made in the speed, equipment and safety devices of aerial ships indicate that the day is not far distant when all the merits belonging to floating airships will be absorbed by flying ships. The latter, as sketched out and furnished with nine Napier Lion engines of four hundred and fifty horsepower each, should be able to navigate the route, and Mr. Navarro is confident that they will.

An estimated wing-spread of one hundred and eighty-five feet from tip to tip presents the vision of an awesome condor nosing its way through cloudland, so that the problem of landing and providing suitable landing places is probably greater than getting into the air or proper steering facing all the dangers of these high altitudes. But each year brings forth new inventions making for assured control, and more devices for safety resort in case of any partial breakdown of the machinery. The giant planes are designed to carry collapsible boats and lifeboats in case they should descend upon the water; and it is noticeable that as aeroplane construction develops, better means are forthcoming to make an up-lift and smoother finish of the voyage.

Aircraft structure and pilotage is still in its infancy. Considering that it is less than twenty years ago since Santos Dumont, the French aviator, made his first flight, it is not surprising that the machine and the man have advanced so far. The machine, which was a simple contraption of wood and canvas, has become a masterpiece of engineering. The pilot, who was a man of courage and skill, has become a professional aviator. The machine, which was a simple contraption of wood and canvas, has become a masterpiece of engineering. The pilot, who was a man of courage and skill, has become a professional aviator. The machine, which was a simple contraption of wood and canvas, has become a masterpiece of engineering. The pilot, who was a man of courage and skill, has become a professional aviator.

Make Largest Cavalry Boot

What is claimed to be the largest cavalry boot in the world was recently manufactured to commemorate the 60th anniversary of the bootmakers' guild at Heilbronn, Germany. Ten large cow hides were required to supply the leather for the boot. The foot measured 5.9 feet and the shaft 16.4 feet. The boot will remain at the town hall as a permanent exhibit.

A Plucky Canadian

Patrick Mongeon, a Canadian, joked and smoked for three-quarters of an hour while attempts were made to relieve his foot, which was caught between two cars on the Hudson-Manhattan tube. The foot had to be amputated. No anaesthetic was used, and Mongeon remained cheerful during the operation.

Output Of Silver

The output of silver from Cobalt during July amounted to about 400,000 ounces, according to preliminary estimates. This had a value of less than \$300,000, or at the rate of about \$3.500,000 a year. Nipissing was the heaviest producer, followed in turn by O'Brien, Mining Corporation, McKinnley Darragh, La Rose and Menago.

W. N. U. 1603

Oats For Hay

Experiments Show That They Vary In Value

In his report for 1924, Dr. Shutt, Dominion chemist, gives some interesting details of an experiment with different varieties of oats when cut for hay at the Cap Rouge experimental station, Quebec.

The experiment was established to compare some of the more important varieties of oats for hay value over a number of years. The crops were cut when the hay was in the late milk stage and the weight taken of the cured hay.

Banner yielded 5,130 pounds dry matter in 1924, Victory, 4,455 pounds and Gold Rain, 2,739.

The analysis shows that Banner again takes first place for high protein and low fibre content with Victory next in order fairly close behind.

The crops were all cut at the same stage, and it is assumed that the results are strictly comparable in the matter of digestibility and other factors.

The report gives the experiment in detail and is to be had free from the publications branch, Ottawa.

Of Interest To Swine Breeders

Report of Organization Meeting Held At Saskatoon

The department of agriculture at Ottawa has performed good service by publishing in a 60-page pamphlet a full report of the proceedings at the organization meeting of the western swine committee at Saskatoon, Sask., on April 3 and 4 of the present year. This meeting, it will be remembered, was presided over by the Dominion livestock commissioner and attended by the chief live stock officials and swine breeders of the province. Discussions took place on a variety of subjects of value and interest to swine breeders, including western swine marketing problems, the basis of estimating the ten per cent. premium for select, educational problems, filling, shrinking and bruising and problems relating to breeding and feeding. It will be acknowledged that these subjects are of importance both to the small and large swine breeder and, therefore, a study of the publication, which can be had free from the publications branch of the department in Ottawa, is to be commended.

Cod Liver Oil For Chicks

Experiment Shows Beneficial Effects Of Feeding Oil To Young Chicks

An experiment conducted at the Indian Head, Sask., Dominion experimental farm, relating to the feeding of cod liver oil to chicks shows that the oil is beneficial. Two lots of chicks, one of 45 and one of 49, were used in the experiment, at the end of which 46 of the oil division were alive and 44 of the no oil division. Also the chicks given the cod liver oil made greater growth and better development than the others. Again none of the chicks given the oil showed leg weakness while ten per cent. of the others did. The oil was given as two per cent. of the wet mash. At the conclusion of the experiment proper the chicks in lot 2 were given the oil and in a very few days, the superintendent in his annual report states, all signs of leg weakness had disappeared and the chicks had improved in vigor and general thriftiness.

English Firm 817 Years Old

All records for longevity of a business have been smashed by the recent discovery at North Walsham, Eng., of a firm that has been operating continuously for 817 years. It is the firm of Messrs. H. W. Farman, basket makers, which was founded in 1108, and has been handed down since then from father to son. It employs six persons.

Should Fill the Bill

The circus proprietor was anxious to engage a dwarf, and an agent had assured him that he could put him in touch with the very man. "You're sure he's a real midget?" asked the showman. "Real midget, my boy!" exclaimed the agent. "Why, he's so short that every time his feet ache, he thinks he's got neuralgia!"

Wheat Market in the Orient

A prophecy that the Orient would become in the very near future a really large importer of Canadian wheat was made recently by Hon. Dr. J. H. King, minister of public works. In predicting increased Orient trade in grain, Dr. King pointed out that imports of wheat from Canada for 1923-24 increased by 400 per cent.

Dates For Sheep and Swine Shows

Saskatoon's at End of October and Regina's in November

Saskatoon's annual sheep and swine show will probably be held this year on October 28, 29 and 30, S. W. Johns, manager of the winter fair, announces. Regina's sheep and swine show has been tentatively set for November 3, 4 and 5.

The dates were set on Friday, when D. T. Elderkin, manager of the Regina winter fair; Prof. A. M. Shaw, chairman of the Saskatoon winter fair board; and Mr. Johns conferred with a view to completing arrangements and working out the prize list for the shows.

This year's prize list will be on a graduated scale plan, under which larger exhibits will be awarded larger prizes. The plan will be placed in operation in an endeavor to feature the utility classes on display.

A sheep and swine sale will be held in conjunction with the show, so that stock breeders will be able to advantageously change their strains of stock.

Prize winners in the various classes will probably be selected to go to the Toronto royal show.

Definite dates for the Saskatoon and Regina shows will be announced at an early date. Mr. Johns is at present at work preparing the prize list for the local show.

Experimenting With New Cereal

Adlay Is First Grain To Be Discovered For Centuries

Experts are interested in experiments that are being made in the Philippines with a new cereal called adlay. At one time or another all cereals, such as wheat, rice and maize, were wild grasses, and many years of patient research have been necessary to develop their edible utility. There must be numerous grains of potential value growing throughout the world, but until the discovery of adlay no addition has been made to our existing supplies for centuries. Adlay has been known in India and Asia for some time. The natives have made use of it in its half-wild state, but no effort was made towards its cultivation and development. There came a day, however, when somebody discovered that the grain contains as much protein as wheat, and at least three times as much fat. Experiments have proved that adlay is more palatable than the majority of existing cereals.

Not Working To Capacity

Hens Not Doing Their Best Says Secretary of English Poultry Club

Scientists have done a great deal in improving the egg-laying capacity of the English hen. It was pointed out recently by Sir Francis Floud, secretary of the English Poultry Club, who contended, however, that the egg producers were not doing nearly as much work as they should in these days of progress.

Sir Francis said that in 1908 the average output per hen was 72 eggs per year. In 1924 it was 100, but ought to have been 120, which would have increased the wealth of the country considerably.

Immigrants From Britain

10,600 Women Move From Britain to Canada in Year

According to official figures just made public, 10,600 females—wives and housekeepers—left the British Isles for British North America last year, and 6,000 went to Australia. More than 10,000 males migrated last year to British North America to engage in agricultural work. The total number of emigrants from the British Isles in 1924 to other parts of the empire was 115,600.

Too Much For One

A farmer found his cart too heavy for the donkey to pull up a steep hill. A passing tourist came to the rescue, and helped to drag the vehicle. The farmer, full of gratitude, turned to the obliging pedestrian and, thanking him, added: "I never could have done it with one ass."

Dying Is Easy

Dying is easy, but coming back to life is a living hell, says William Botburum, 72, of Los Angeles, who "died" and was revived with adrenalin. "I went to sleep as soft as a babe," he said, "but I was never so deathly sick in my life as when they brought me to."

A Sticker For Ma

Mother.—You must learn to swat the flies, dear. Flies carry disease germs. Elsie.—Do disease germs kill, mamma? Mother.—Certainly. Elsie.—Then why don't they kill the flies?

Rain Anti-Rust Spray

Suggested That Aeroplanes Be Used To Combat Rust in the West

Anxious to extend the useful activities of the Canadian Air Force, the officials of that branch of the department of national defence are suggesting that steps be taken which would enable their flyers to co-operate with the grain growers and laboratory workers in reducing the havoc done to western wheat by rust and in curbing the spread of that destroyer. Air officials are persuaded that grain could be effectively sprayed from a low altitude and with the speed at which they travel could cover vast areas in one day.

Group Captain J. Scott, director of the air branch, has just returned from a tour of the western provinces where he has been inspecting the work of his branch in land and water patrol, and he is convinced air aid to the grain growers could be made practicable and at a reasonable cost. If millions of dollars are lost annually through the ravages of rust, he argues, a million dollars or even less spent on the Air Force to do spraying, would mean a big saving to the farmers.

"On most of the trips I took in Manitoba," declared Capt. Scott, "we exposed slides at various altitudes to determine the extent of the rust. There should be no reason why the Air Force could not be used for spraying the wheat just as aircraft are used in the southern states to save cotton crops. Tremendous areas could be covered and the cost would be slight compared with the value of the preventive work done."

The Advantages Of Egg Grading

Canada's System Is Claimed to be the Best in the World

Canada was the first country to grade and standardize eggs. Thirty-one inspectors are now employed throughout the country by the Dominion department of agriculture, checking up on export and interprovincial shipments and on the wholesale and retail trade. Eggs fit for human consumption are divided into four grades on the basis of interior quality, cleanliness and weight. Our system of egg grading is claimed to be the best in the world and has been adopted with slight modification by the United States. This standardization of eggs has established a closer relationship between consumer and producer, and has resulted in a greatly increased demand for the Canadian egg both at home and abroad. Our domestic consumption per capita has increased from 16.76 dozen in 1920 to 26 dozen in 1924. The Canadian people are now approaching a consumption of an egg per person per day and when this is reached we shall require about 270 million dozens to supply our wants.

Basis Of All Prosperity

Says Agriculture the Most Solid Asset of Canada

"Agriculture is the basis of all prosperity and no matter how serious is the crisis that affects farmers today, and in spite of the fact that your city is passing through a period of industrial prosperity never before seen, I have no hesitation in saying that there is more misery among your labor population than among any group of farmers in this province," said Hon. J. E. Caron, minister of agriculture in the Quebec Government, at the luncheon of the Three Rivers exhibition.

The minister of agriculture was emphatic in his statement that agriculture was the most solid asset of Canada and he denounced in energetic terms those who are discouraging the agricultural class.

Lightning Seldom Strikes Beach Tree

If you are caught in a thunderstorm, it is probably safer to stand out in the open and take your medicine than to seek shelter under a tree. Lightning loves a tree, especially if it stands by itself, well away from other trees. But if you don't like the idea of getting wet, at least choose a beech tree to flee to, and above all avoid the oaks. Oaks are struck by lightning more frequently than any other kind of tree, whereas beeches are struck so rarely that they seem almost immune. So when you take your walks abroad mark and remember where the beech trees are.—Youth's Companion.

British Columbia Movie Censorship

The British Columbia motion picture board of censors has been re-organized, Premier Oliver announces. Two new members have been appointed, John R. Foster, a member since the board's inception in 1917 has been released. Mr. Foster is president of the Moving Picture Operators' Association.

Sumoan chiefs, after a visit to New Zealand, declared that they wished the British flag might remain in Samoa as long as the sun shines on the earth.

The Great Importance Of a Pure Water Supply For The Rural Districts Should Be Stressed

Winter Feeding For Egg Laying

Testing Various Feeds and Their Effect Upon Egg Production

In the report of the Dominion poultry husbandman for 1921 half a dozen pages or more are devoted to particulars of a series of experiments conducted during the winter of 1923-24 to test various feeds and their effect upon egg production and hatchability. Such minute details are given that they are far better studied than summarized. Indeed a mere summary could in no way do justice to the mass of facts supplied, not only as to results but as to cost. With the exception of the special feeds under experiment all pens were handled and fed alike. The scratch grain was a commercial mixture, the mash being the standard home-made mash consisting of equal parts by weight of bran, shorts, corn meal, ground oats and beef meal. This mash was fed to all pens except those in which protein feeds were under test. Grit, shell and charcoal were kept before the birds in hoppers at all times. Unless otherwise indicated they were also given both milk and water to drink.

The various experiments of which full and clear tables of results are given were as follows: (1) Beef scrap vs. tankage vs. liver tankage vs. raw liver; (2) animal protein experiment with hatching results; (3) Mangels vs. sprouted oats vs. clover leaves vs. cabbage vs. Epsom salts vs. no green feed. Tabulated summaries are also given in the report, which can be had without cost on addressing the publications branch, Ottawa, of two years' experiments with green leaves and substitutes, of a green feed experiment with hatching results and of a clover, clover meal, alfalfa meal and tomato pulp experiment with hatching results.

Mapping Northern Manitoba

Photos Taken by Members of Royal Canadian Air Force

Continuously since the first of June this year, not to mention last summer, the Royal Canadian Air Force has been mapping the country from aerial photographs.

The topographical survey branch of the department of the Interior is issuing a three-mile-to-the-inch map of all Northern Manitoba, and the map is made entirely of photographs taken by the Royal Canadian Air Force men who are engaged in patrolling the forests of the north country.

At present one of the machines is at the new station, Cormorant Lake, a few miles north of The Pas, along the Hudson's Bay Railway. This year the survey extends over a very large area from Victoria Beach to Norway House, to the Ontario boundary and 20 miles further east. A good deal of the work will be done along the Hudson's Bay line. Another machine is at Berens River.

Exports Of Dairy Products

Export Trade Shows Signs of Healthy Revival

Canada's export business in dairy products for the twelve months ending with June of the present year showed very considerable improvement over that of the preceding year. As reported in the last News Letter of the Dominion dairy and cold storage branch the exports of butter in 1923-24 were 25,096,120 lb. valued at \$3,934,794 and of cheese 134,418,700 lbs. valued at \$25,733,222 compared with in 1923-24, 23,668,379 lbs. of butter valued at \$5,031,634 and 112,603,100 lbs. of cheese worth \$22,631,580. The exports were, of course, mostly to the United Kingdom, but it is noticeable that in June alone China took 57,232 lbs. of butter, and Belgium 171,100 lbs., and Germany 168,500 lbs. of cheese. Altogether some thirty different countries or colonies shared in our exports of dairy products.

They're Needed At Home

Perhaps it would be quite in order to lay the 125 U. S. evangelists who are now visiting Great Britain where there are less murders than in one American city with the idea of telling the British people how to live, to visit their own country and straighten out this business of law enforcement. —Toronto Saturday Night.

Reasonable

Applicant.—"I want some advice about my husband, sir. He left me 25 years ago and I ain't seen him since."

Magistrate.—"Well?" Applicant.—"What about me having a separation?"

Among the great works of faith is the instant plan.

It is a well-known fact that with the introduction of public water supplies in cities and towns which had previously been dependent on domestic wells, the death rate from typhoid fever, the most serious of water-borne diseases, has decreased to a remarkable extent.

In our country districts, however, where the scattered population makes the establishment of a public water supply system impossible, the farmer is forced to depend upon his own domestic source, which is, in most cases, the shallow well. That such a well can be a source of positive danger from typhoid, dysentery, diarrhoea and other disorders has been amply proven, but still many farmers do not realize fully the importance of a pure unpolluted water supply, or the danger to their families and their stock lurking in contaminated water.

The location of the farm well is frequently faulty and denotes a lack of knowledge of the danger to health from water when there is any chance of drainage or leaking from such sources of pollution as barnyards, cesspools, privy, manured fields, slink drains, etc. Not only should the well be placed at a reasonable distance from such sources of filth (say 40-50 yards), but also, if possible, on higher ground. The more porous the ground, the greater should be the distance from any contaminating source.

Even when the well is removed from any source of pollution, the ground water should be made to filter through at least 12 to 15 feet of soil before entering the well. Soil tends to remove germs and impurities from surface washings. The water, however, should be made to really filter through the soil by insuring that the sides of the well, for a depth of 12 to 15 feet, are tight and impervious to water. The top, naturally, should be so constructed that no contamination can possibly enter.

Water may be seriously polluted without showing this by its taste or appearance. A bright, sparkling water is by no means a guarantee of pure supply. When, however, water from a well becomes cloudy or turbid after a heavy rain, there is evidently some defect, for this condition indicates that surface washings are entering without proper filtration.

The divisions of bacteriology and chemistry at the central experimental farm will analyze water samples submitted by farmers living within a reasonable distance. Application for instructions as to taking the sample should first be made.

Record Oat Yield

Ottawa Experimental Farm Harvested 95½ Bushels Per Acre

The largest yield of oats ever secured from the fields of the central experimental farm at Ottawa, was harvested this year, according to a statement issued by farm officials.

A one-acre field of banner oats yielded 95½ bushels per acre. These oats were grown on a three-year rotation of corn, oats, and clover. For the corn crop, which preceded the oats, a dressing of farm manure was applied. No manure or fertilizers of any kind were applied for the oats.

Another acre of banner oats in a four-year rotation of corn, oats, clover and timothy yielded 91 bushels per acre. As in the former case, no manure or fertilizers were applied for the oat crop, but the corn crop which preceded was given a good dressing of farm manure.

Covers Require Nailing

"Much of the butter being exported from Canada, particularly through shipments from inland points, is being exported without the covers of the boxes being nailed," says the latest Dairy News Letter issued by the dairy and cold storage branch. "It is highly desirable that covers be nailed, putting one box nail through each corner of the cover. If the covers are nailed in this manner, fewer will come off and be broken in handling."

Commonist Is Pessimistic

Jack McDonald, Canadian communist delegate at the British empire labor conference, declares that the leadership of the labor movement in England is passing from such intellectuals as Ramsay MacDonald and Philip Snowden to more radical trade unionists, like John Whitley and A. J. Cook. He predicts the disintegration of the empire.

Women are naturally foolish because they were made to match the men.

The degree of his scorn for those lower down reveals how recently he climbed up.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Canadian export trade showed an advance and import trade a reduction during the twelve months ended July.

The first London bus has arrived in Berlin. It is introduced as an experiment and, should it prove satisfactory, 200 of them will be put in operation.

Assurance has been received from the C.N.R. engineers' department at Winnipeg that track laying on the Turtleford southeast branch will commence early in the fall.

When a policeman at Orange, N.J., ordered their fiery cross extinguished, 500 Ku Klux Klansmen continued their infiltration ceremonies in total darkness.

San Francisco now boasts of a seven-story building for training firemen. It has a special room where the firemen brave smoke and test out protective devices.

T. W. Young, who has been in the Dominion Government's grain inspection department at Winnipeg for the last 21 years, has been appointed grain inspector at Calgary.

The students at the government colleges at Peking decided to end their strike called in sympathy with the anti-foreign movement. They will return to their studies when the fall terms begin.

Three human skeletons, believed to be of the Neolithic age, have been discovered by archaeologists at Solutre, France. The skeletons are believed to be from six to eight thousand years old.

Fire has destroyed most of the medical department of Kyushu University at Fukuoka, Japan. Among the buildings destroyed was the hospital. The loss is estimated at one million yen.

Norfolk, Neb., has learned that Dr. Richard J. Tanner, a resident for years, is in reality the "Diamond Dick" of Wild West fame, one-time associate of Buffalo Bill, "Wild Bill" Hickok and "Pawnee Bill" Major Gordon Lilly, noted characters of a past era.

One million dollars annually might be saved by the United States in its bill for printing money if the people would use fewer one dollar bills and more twos. Avoidance of the type is blamed on a superstition that they are unlucky. The bureau of efficiency has issued a statement about it.

Bells Shipped From

London to New York

Large Carillon For Church Weighs Nearly Ten Tons

A large carillon of bells was recently shipped from London for Park Avenue Baptist Church, New York, weighing 9½ tons. Such an unusual shipment necessitated special transport arrangements. Permission had to be obtained from the authorities to convey the biggest bell through the streets, as owing to its size it contravened traffic regulations. The bells were taken from the foundry by lorry to the Thames, where they were transferred to lighters and towed to the ship's side in King George V. dock. There a big floating crane was run alongside and the bells hoisted into one of the Albanie's holds, where they were secured on a heavy wooden staging. Scores of bundles of rags were then packed tightly round them. The structural gear for these bells weighs another 10 tons.

No Inspection Plant

Impossible to Operate Grain Inspection Plant at Moose Jaw This Season

Consultations which have taken place between the department of trade and commerce and the board of grain commissioners have made it clear that, so far as this year is concerned, a grain inspection system cannot be established at Moose Jaw.

The grain board reports that it is a physical impossibility to give effect to the plan this season. Extra yardage and truckage for the Canadian National would involve an outlay of \$200,000, while the similar outlay of the Canadian Pacific is figured at \$125,000. Then an administration building costing \$50,000 would be necessary.

There is a strong prospect of the Moose Jaw inspection being established by next season, but, for the reasons indicated, it is held to be impossible this year.

"Maw, isn't paw kind to animals?"

"Suppose so. Why?"

"Cause I heard him tell Jim Hawkins that he'd come over and feed the kitty if you'd let him out."

To facilitate the movement of traffic, and as a safety measure, the city of Washington has raised the speed limit for automobiles from 18 to 22 miles an hour.

W. N. U. 1593

Protection of the Investor

Meeting Held in Winnipeg to Discuss Vital Question

Protection of the investor to the highest degree was discussed at an informal conference held in Winnipeg recently.

Hon. R. W. Craig, K.C., attorney-general of Manitoba, who, with Hon. J. A. Cross, K.C., attorney-general of Saskatchewan, has been active in endeavoring to influence the Federal Government to refuse to give a charter to a company which has been refused a provincial charter, under the Sales of Shares Act, took advantage of the presence of Thomas Mulvey, under-secretary of state and representatives of the three prairie provinces and British Columbia being in Winnipeg attending the Canadian Bar Association convention, to call the meeting.

A full discussion of the whole question, particularly from the viewpoint of legislation, took place. It is understood, and the different representatives of Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia will convey back to their governments the wishes of the assembly.

In view of the fact that Hon. Mr. Cross and Hon. J. E. Brownlee, attorney-general of Alberta, were unable to be present, no definite decision was reached but action along lines suggested is expected to be taken by the western provinces. Considerable discussion took place in connection with the judgment delivered to the effect that a company conducting business under a Dominion charter was not bound by a provincial law.

Canada's Fine Prospects

Expected That Value of Grain Crops Will Be Considerably Enhanced This Year

In a recent editorial in the Ottawa Journal the value of the increase in this year's Canadian harvest is commented on in part as follows:

It is more or less authoritatively estimated that the five principal grain crops will bring this year a gain of nearly \$265,000,000 to the farmers of Canada over last year. That is a very significant and stimulating fact. It is in the nature of real wealth. At all events, it means a substantial addition to the genuine wealth of the country; and its value is enhanced by the further fact that no other form of wealth is so widely distributed. It is in a short time diffused throughout the whole country.

The gain in value is as between \$615,337,000 last year and \$879,726,362 this year. When all farm crops are brought into the reckoning, it is calculated that the agricultural population will have \$325,000,000 more to spend this year than it had in 1924. Taking all factors into the count, this will be \$100,000,000 more than for any preceding harvest in the history of the Dominion. Such a gratifying result should not only fill the people with gratitude, but do much to dispel every trace of lurking pessimism. Canada is in a strong position, and should proceed energetically to realize on her potentialities.

Just Discovered War Is Over

Deserter From Alpine Chasseurs Has Emerged From Hiding Place

Beating the record of the Tibetan who last year arrived in Paris to "see the war," Jean Thibaud, who deserted from the Alpine Chasseurs in 1915, has emerged from his hiding place in the French Alps and was startled to find the war was over several years ago, and that all deserters had received amnesty months ago.

Since he deserted, ten years ago, Thibaud has lived in the most inaccessible part of the Alps bordering on Italy. He lived by slaying sheep and other animals, emerging only at night.

Many Scientists in Leningrad

A census undertaken by the Leningrad Academy of Science shows there are 4,265 acknowledged scientists in Leningrad, while in Moscow there are only 2,740. The majority of the scientists are mathematicians and natural science specialists. Agriculturalists form only four per cent. of the above figures. The percentage of women among the Moscow and Leningrad scientists is 14 per cent. and 22 per cent. respectively.

Mostly Imagination

Manhattan is popularly assumed to be paved with gold where millionaires mill and jostle about on every corner. Almost every street is supposed to have its layer of \$20,000-a-year apartments. Yet among all these 7,000,000 of folks there are only 30,000 who have incomes of \$10,000 or more, and only 78,000 who have incomes of \$5,000 or more. The average salary is less than \$30 a week.—O. O. McIntyre, New York Writer.

A wealthy Scotsman, 75 years old, is travelling 7,000 miles from Honolulu to Scotland to pick a few sprigs of heather and eat a dish of haggis.

ECLIPSE FASHIONS
Exclusive Patterns
by Hazel Bayne

Charming Pantie Dress

Every child needs many frocks, and what mother will not want to make one, or even several, with this charming frock as a model. The design is so simple and the dainty printed and colored fabrics in the shops so fascinating, that it is real fun to see what delightful frocks can be evolved with little effort. The front of the printed frock above is cut at the armhole, and the skirt joined to the upper part by several rows of shirring, forming a yoke effect. The collar is one piece and fits comfortably to the neck. The sleeves are long and gathered to a narrow band, and adorable little pockets trim the front. The panties are cut in two pieces only, with elastic run through a casing at the top. Size 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 years requires 2½ yards of 32-inch, or 2½ yards of 36-inch material. Price 20 cents.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy. Each copy includes one coupon good for five cents in the purchase of any pattern.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada
175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Province

Send 20c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

World's Cotton Supply

43 P.C. of Cotton Used in England Grown Within Empire

English cotton mills at present require 3,000,000 bales of raw cotton every year. Imports of American cotton amount annually to 1,700,000 bales. The remainder comes from India, Egypt, East Africa and the Sudan, being altogether 43 per cent. of the total used. It is stated by Lord Derby, chairman of the Cotton Growers' Association, that within 15 months the balance will have been turned over 50 per cent. of the total raw material will come from within the empire. By the end of 1926, he added, East Africa and the Sudan will be producing double their present output.

Empire cotton now amounts to 8,000,000 bales, over half the annual American crop, but not all this is up to American quality. Only 1,000,000 bales is up to that standard. The great area of the future will be the Sudan where a great dam, finished last year, 2 miles across, throws back the waters of the Nile for a distance of 50 miles. The area of 300,000 acres now being irrigated behind this dam will eventually produce a million bales a year.

Ancients Practiced Enamelling

Enamelling was practiced by the ancient Egyptians, Chinese, and other nations. It was known in England in the time of the Saxons. At Oxford is an enamelled jewel which belonged to King Alfred, and which, as appears by the inscription, was made by his order in his reign, about the year 887.

Trouble From Static

Static is less troublesome to radio listeners when superpower is used by broadcasting stations, according to reports received by the General Electric Company, following exhaustive tests.

An instrument of five strings which has the combined range of violin and cello has been invented by Prof. Vladimir Karapetoff, of Cornell University.

Japan Wants Modern Rulers

Country Sees Need of Progressing Like Other Nations

The Emperor of Japan has decided that all his sons shall be educated in England. Prince Chichibu, the Emperor's second son, is now in residence at Oxford University. The meaning and significance of this fact can best be appreciated by recalling the traditional Japanese conception of the place of the Emperor and his relation to his subjects. For centuries the Mikado spent his days in more seclusion than any western sovereign has ever dreamed of. He dwelt in his palace apart from the world, never emerging from its walls. The present Emperor changed all that. But it is the Crown Prince Hirohito, the present regent, who has progressed furthest in the popularization of the throne, and his policy is due to his visit to Europe four years ago more than to any other event. The visit to Japan by the Prince of Wales in the spring of 1922 proved another great stimulus.

The men who are directing Japan's affairs are seeking to adapt the ancient monarchy to the needs of the nation, and they understand that the lessons of the age must be heeded. They see in England the only throne in Europe which unites a long history with a secure and flourishing present.

Prince Chichibu is to assist the regent in the governing of Japan, upon his return from England. He is well qualified for the task that has been assigned to him. He is naturally of a democratic disposition, is a great lover of sports and athletics, and is very popular with the Japanese masses.—Vancouver Province.

All Made in Canada

Every Item of Apparel for Man, Woman or Child Now Made in Canada

Pertinent queries have been pouring in at the Canadian Manufacturers' Association headquarters following the announcement of the contest for the largest families, featured on Manufacturers' Day at the Canadian National exhibition this year, and in which contest it was specified that the families must wear "made-in-Canada" clothes. Would-be contestants, it seems, when taking stock of their wardrobe, were in doubt whether certain articles were produced in this country.

"Not one item necessary for the complete turnout of men, women or child but is made and can be bought in Canada," is the declaration made by the special committee of manufacturers in charge of arrangements.

For example, they point to straw hats. The average Canadian man, accustomed to a Bow Street or Italian label inside his summer headgear, may not know that straw hats have been manufactured in Canada for more than fifty years. In fact, according to the oldest member of one of the hat firms, "straws" were being built in this country at least ten years before that. And with any other item it is the same—the C.M.A. is prepared to inform its contestants of just where and how they may obtain "made-in-Canada" clothing of any description.

Advices Canada To Choose Immigrants

No Room For Reds Says U. S. Secretary of Labor

Canada should go slowly in the matter of immigration, place quality before quantity and permit only those who have full regard for civilized government and the maintenance of law and order to land on its shores, in the opinion of Hon. James J. Davis, United States secretary of labor, who, with the members of the executive council of the Loyal Order of the Moose, were guests of the city of Toronto at a recent banquet.

Mr. Davis was the principal speaker of the evening, and he declared there was no room for revolutionaries and communists in Canada and the United States.

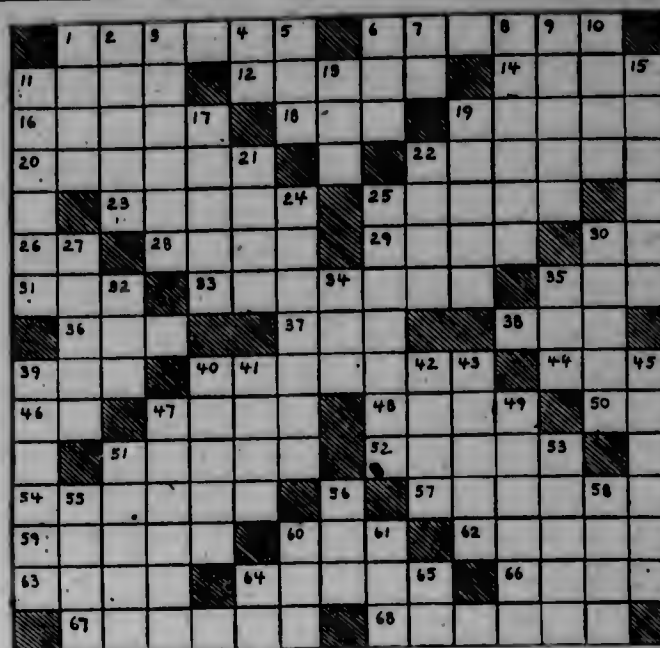
Secret of Success

Fred W. Sargent, new president of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, gives as the key to success the one word—industry. Just industry. Not talk, or office politics, or ability to play a good game of golf with your superiors—just industry. The men who get to those places that are worth getting to, almost without exception are the ones whose hard work took them there. It's the only way.—Vancouver Sun.

Catch Monster Lake Trout

While trolling at Cold Lake recently two anglers caught a 63-pound lake trout. For two hours and one-half the men fought the fish in an endeavor to land it. Finally, the trollers were successful in pulling it in, but had to call in the services of an axe to put an end to the struggles of the fish.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Horizontal

- 1—Has an unlawful desire.
- 6—Encompasses.
- 11—A game.
- 12—Made of oak.
- 14—Merit.
- 16—Discharges.
- 18—Indistinct.
- 19—Backbone.
- 20—Frenzied.
- 22—Portions.
- 23—Maladies.
- 25—Asterisks.
- 26—Behold.
- 28—Herole.
- 29—Thaw.
- 30—Thief man.
- 31—Sol.
- 33—Black rulemate.
- 35—Insano.
- 36—Toll.
- 37—Sunken wheel track.
- 38—Torn piece of cloth.
- 39—Beseech.
- 40—Flags.
- 44—Wound secretion.
- 46—Either.
- 47—Preserve.
- 48—Incline.

Vertical

- 1—State of unconsciousness.
- 2—Greenish-yellow color.
- 3—Dedicated by a vow.
- 4—Toward.
- 5—Sorrowful.
- 6—Jewel.
- 7—Within.
- 8—Go.
- 9—Bena.
- 10—Sea-eagle.
- 11—Dangers.
- 12—Relations.

15—Bull necks.

- 17—Game-bird.
- 19—Oily rock.
- 21—Volatile.
- 22—Let stand as written.
- 24—Spurned.
- 25—Onea who salutes.
- 27—External.
- 30—Capital of Netherlands.
- 32—Small horse.
- 34—Holy woman.
- 35—Chart.
- 39—Swallowed hurriedly.
- 40—Exposes.
- 41—Allege.
- 42—Hills.
- 43—Artificer in metals.
- 45—Horsea.
- 47—One who sits.
- 49—Eulogize.
- 51—Turnstile.
- 53—Mistake.
- 55—Domestic fattle.
- 56—In favor of.
- 58—Small outlet.
- 60—It is (poetic).
- 61—Peculiar.
- 64—Exist.
- 65—Compass point.

Cheered For Canada

Empire Press Meeting in New Zealand Applauds Speech of Canadian

There was a remarkable scene at a banquet given by Premier J. G. Coates at Wellington, New Zealand, in honor of the visiting press delegates, who were on their way to Australia to attend the Imperial press conference.

Mr. Woods spoke for Canada in response to the welcome words of Premier Coates, following Lord Burnham, president of the Imperial press conference. Mr. Woods eloquently appealed for tolerance and active sympathy among the dominions.

When he sat down the gathering rose and cheered Canada and the New Zealanders scrambled to shake hands with Mr. Woods. They expressed admiration and good wishes for Canada.

Criticizes Ontario Liquor Law

U. S. Mission Says It Does Not Satisfy Wets Or Drys

Representative Grant M. Hudson, of Michigan, chairman of the house committee on the alcoholic liquor traffic in the last congress, declared, in a statement at Washington, after visiting more than 20 of the larger cities and towns in Ontario, "that the 4.4 proof spirit beer" of that province, "is recognized as a failure by both wets and drys in Canada, after more than three months' trial."

Public officials, professional and business men, and wet and dry partisans, with almost one accord, the statement says, "declared 4.4 does not satisfy those who wanted a stronger alcoholic liquor. They call it 'four disappear four.' It does not reduce the number of illicit sellers. In some places it increases them. It does not wean the moderate or habitual drinkers of hard liquor to 4.4."

Death of Butterfat Champion

Melba 16th of Darbala, the Australian Shorthorn, which held the world's record for butterfat production, with 1,614 pounds in 365 days, is dead as the result of an accident. She was close to breaking her own record at the time of her death, and may, indeed, have done so, as the final report has not yet been received. In 330 days of her last lactation she gave 30,285 pounds milk.

Supplied Prince With Meat

During the stay of the Prince of Wales at the Rand Club in Johannesburg, S.A., an Aberdeen-Angus steer was presented by the Aberdeen-Angus Cattle Society of South Africa for the supply of meat for the royal table. This animal was specially selected from a consignment of Aberdeen-Angus cattle bred and fed by Captain Harold Phillips.

Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

HURLED MASSED
ONION REGALER
RAPT VAT CARE
ARE LINES VIA
RM SEE ROWED
YELLOW SUES S
DOE EAR

RR PAR EN S SO
RIP GULLS APT
AGUE AIL OMIT
TORRENT SPIKE
ARREST SEEDS

Rebuilding Schools in B.C.

Doukhobors Completing Six to Replace Those They Burned

Six new Doukhobor schools, erected by the Christian Community of Universal Brotherhood, are being rushed to completion to replace those burned in the last couple of years, bringing the number of Doukhobor schools to ten.

The community is exceeding its promise made in June to build four schools, and education officials are much pleased at the spirit shown.

The only burned school not being replaced this season is the one at Spencer, whose pupils will be accommodated in the Carson and Columbia schools.

The new schools are at Outlook in the Grand Forks district and at Glads, Krestova and Pass Creek, and two at Brilliant in the Nelson district.

Settling Too Fast For Mapmaking

But Canada Will Soon Have Good Topographical Map

"There is something in self-government that is antipathetic to mapmaking," remarked Arthur Robert Hinks, secretary of the Royal Geographical Society, in presiding at a recent session of the geographical section of the British Association for the Advancement of Science at the convention held at Southampton, Eng.

He said the South Africans were staggered when they could not get material for a map of Natal for the British empire exhibition at Wembley last year, and this was "for the good reason that Natal had never been mapped."

"Canada has now a first-rate geodetic survey," Mr. Hinks stated, "and is beginning to get a good topographical map, but Canada is a big country that began its survey very late and its settlement is marching faster than its maps."

Dutch authorities in North Sumatra are urging natives to plant rubber along the fields.

The skin of a horse when properly cured and tanned may be cut into 100 baseballs.

Final Wheat Pool Payment Of Eleven Cents To Be Made

Winnipeg.—Announcement that the final wheat pool payment for the 1921-1922 season will be 11 cents for Number 1 Northern, bringing the total payment for the season to \$1.66 per bushel, was made here by A. J. McPhail, president of the Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, the selling agency of the prairie wheat pools.

The announcement was as follows: "The Canadian Co-operative Wheat Producers, who have closed their operations for the 1921-1922 season, announce a final payment of 11 cents for No. 1 Northern, making a total payment for the year of \$1.66 per bushel, basis Port William and Vancouver."

"Settlements on other grades are being made in accordance with actual selling spread."

"The provincial pools will receive this net payment, all central administration costs having been deducted and country and terminal charges met."

May Appeal Grain Rate

Lowering of Westbound Grain Rates May Result In Litigation

Winnipeg.—"Endless litigation" is likely to result from the action of the railway commission in lowering westbound grain rates to the level fixed by the Crow's Nest agreement, stated H. J. Symington, K.C., freight rates counsel for the prairie provinces. The unprejudiced action of the commission in declaring valid a decision, against a majority of its own members, will, in all likelihood, be taken by the railways as a ground for appeal, in Mr. Symington's opinion.

Hon. R. W. Craig, attorney-general for Manitoba, stated that so far as Manitoba is concerned, the province is not affected, except insofar as the volume of grain passing eastward is diverted through western channels. Continuing, he says:

"The hearing of the case was in Vancouver, and British Columbia and Alberta are most vitally interested. I am not clear on the effect of an order given by two members of the board, in the face of dissenting opinion of three others. In view of the dissenting opinion, it seems probable that the order might be appealed by the railway companies."

Veteran Newspaperman Passes

Saskatoon.—The death of George E. Nelson, veteran newspaperman of Radisson, took place at St. Paul's Hospital, Saskatoon, after a lengthy illness. Mr. Nelson had reached the age of 55 years, and was one of the most successful newspaper men in Saskatchewan. Before going to Radisson in 1906, he had been associated with his father in the newspaper business in Arnprior, Ont.

News Of Escaped Prince

London.—Prince Selkirk El Dine, of Egypt, who recently escaped from Scotland Yard, and is now out of the country, it is learned, recrossed the channel, was met at Boulogne by his mother, immediately entered an automobile and was driven toward Limoges and the south. Reports are that the party is enroute to Constantinople, where the mother has large estates.

"Dud" Kills French Farmer

Amiens, France.—The "Dud" of the Great War still remains a deadly missile. Jean Roy, a farmer of Itancourt, which was under heavy fire by the German guns during the period of hostilities, was blown to pieces by a shell which had fallen without exploding and was buried in the earth. He struck it while driving a sickle into the ground.

Freight Rate Ruling To Be Of Great Benefit To Trade In The West

Vancouver.—The grain trade, and business interests in general, along with those who had carried on an insistent demand for equalization of rates between the prairies and British Columbia, have expressed great satisfaction with the order of the railway commission and predictions of early development of industrial and shipping channels of the Canadian Pacific coast ports were made.

The ruling will mean that the rate from Calgary to Vancouver on grain shipments will be 10.8¢ a bushel, as compared with the present scale of 13.5¢ a bushel. The rate from Cal-

Extend Letter Rate To Wider Area

Additional Countries Are Included In Three Cent Postage

Montreal, Jan. 29.—The post office weekly bulletin issued from Ottawa on August 29, gives the following information relative to letter postage to North American countries: From the first of September next the domestic letter rate of three cents for the first ounce and two cents additional for each subsequent ounce will be in effect as regards letters mailed in Canada to any part of the North American continent.

This rate already applies to letters for the United States, Mexico and the British West Indies, and as already announced, also comes into effect as regards letters for Newfoundland from the first of September. With the further extension mentioned above, it will apply from the first of September next to the following additional countries: Costa Rica, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Dutch West Indies (Aruba, Bonaire, Curaçao, Saba, St. Eustatius, St. Martin), French West Indies (Martinique, Guadeloupe), Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras Republic, Nicaragua, Panama Republic, Salvador and St. Pierre and Miquelon.

Noted Scientist Dies In Africa

Professor Cutler, of Manitoba University, Victim of Malaria

Winnipeg.—Stricken with malaria fever, Prof. W. E. Cutler, of the University of Manitoba, who was leading a scientific expedition party in Africa in search of the bones of a huge dinosaurian reptile, died Sept. 2, according to advices received here.

Professor Cutler, assistant in the department of geology of the University of Manitoba, left Winnipeg January 20, 1924, to head the British Museum's party of explorers to Africa. He was considered one of the best authorities on Western Canadian geological history, and under the auspices of the University of Manitoba, had made extensive surveys of the formation of the rocks in both Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

He had discovered many relics of the day before the first white man set foot in the prairie country, and it had been his intention to compile a history of the natural formations of the country.

Prof. Cutler was born in London, Eng., 42 years ago. He was unmarried.

Rome Is Insolvent

Once Ruled World, Cannot Pay Costs Of Administration Now

Rome.—The Eternal City, which for centuries ruled the world, now even loses its rights to city administration. Its insolvent financial condition compelled the government to take action and the cabinet decided to adopt the city, so the taxpayers throughout the country would contribute to the support of the capital. Although taxes in Rome have been higher than in any city in Italy, it has been unable to pay the costs of administration. The administration is now under the aegis of the Interior, who appoints a governor.

Auto Fatalities In States

Washington.—Three hundred and twenty-eight persons were killed in automobile accidents in a group of 57 cities in the United States during the four weeks ending August 15. There were 417 similar deaths the preceding four weeks.

Favor Ban On Narcotics

Trades and Labor Council Would Prohibit Manufacture Except For Medicine

Ottawa.—The trades and labor congress went on record favoring the complete prohibition of the sale and manufacture of narcotic drugs except for medicinal purposes.

The motion was the occasion for a brief criticism of the British Government. T. Buck, of Toronto, declared that the British Government was largely responsible for the opium traffic of the world today because of its tolerating of the industry in India and should be subject to severe censure.

James Macdonald, Toronto, said if one country more than another was responsible for the opium trade, it was the British empire. There was no such thing as a British commonwealth of nations, he said.

Bert Merson, Toronto, declared that the British empire alone was not responsible and the immediate or speedy suppression of the industry would cause Germany and other countries to commence the manufacture of deadly substitutes. Britain was open to criticism as were other nations, and the congress should be on record as opposed to the traffic, which was one of the greatest menaces to public health.

Great Sight For Prince

Forty-six Thousand Argentine Cattle Assembled In One Place

Concepcion, Argentina.—Forty-six thousand cattle assembled in one place for his benefit, was one of the sights seen by the Prince of Wales in his tour of Argentina and his visits to some of the great estancias.

Crawls greeted the Prince everywhere and at any hour of the night cheers were heard as his train passed through the small stations.

The Prince started his trans-continental journey to Chile in a luxuriously fitted special train.

Seven hundred miles across the Argentine pampas brought him to Mendoza early on Sept. 6.

King Tut Again

Body of Famous Egyptian King to be Examined In October

London.—Howard Carter, discoverer of Tutankhamen's tomb, announced that the body of the king would be examined next October. He said he believed King Tut will be found to have been only 15 or 16 years old. The body will be examined without removing it from the tomb and at a time when there is no curious crowd. Carter added that he found cosmetics still plastic and fragrant in a cosmetic jar in the tomb, and experts in London are analyzing them with the hope of producing for modern women cosmetics like those used by Egyptians 3,300 years ago.

Ancient Escutcheon Back In Quebec

Hon. P. C. Larkin Brings Relic Returned By People Of Hastings, England



The arrival of the White Star Dominion liner, Megantic, which docked at Quebec recently, marked an important event in the history of that city, inasmuch as she carried among her passengers the Hon. P. C. Larkin, Canadian high commissioner in London, who brought back to this country the ancient escutcheon of King Louis XV. of France. No public ceremony was held, this having been postponed until September 10, to enable many prominent citizens, now away from their home, to attend.

The historic shield was removed from one of the gates of Quebec in

At Imperial Press Conference



J. H. Woods, Editor and Managing Director of The Calgary Daily Herald.

Imperial Press Conference

Delegates Welcomed to Australia By Premier Bruce

Sydney, Australia.—The Imperial Press delegates to the Imperial Press conference at Melbourne, who visited New Zealand on their way to Australia, arrived here after a somewhat stormy voyage from New Zealand. They were welcomed by Premier Bruce of the Australian Commonwealth.

Premier Bruce described the conferees as delegates to the Imperial Press conference as the unofficial parliament of the British Commonwealth of nations.

"The fuller knowledge resulting from the interchange of ideas," Premier Bruce said, with reference to the press conference, "will enable the conference to make a valuable contribution to the solution of empire problems. The delegates have at their responsible command potent instruments for moulding and directing public opinion, and have as an audience the whole people of the empire."

For Economic Conference

Presidents of Boards of Trade of Canada to Get Together

Toronto.—The joint call sent out last month by the presidents of Vancouver, Winnipeg, Montreal, Halifax and Toronto to boards of trade and chambers of commerce of the Dominion, which called for the formation of representatives of these organizations, to be held in the early fall, for discussing of economic problems, with the view of devising some plan whereby the commercial interests through the Dominion may more closely co-operate in their solution, has met with a ready response. Advises received by President Gundy, of Toronto board of trade, indicate that every province will be well represented.

Monster U.S. Dirigible Shenandoah Wrecked With Heavy Loss Of Life

British Wait Decision On Mosul Boundary

Secretary of Foreign Affairs Says Question Contains War Menace

London.—Austin Chamberlain, British secretary of foreign affairs, has gone to Geneva to attend to the League of Nations council assembly, which is faced with two principal problems—the Mosul question and European security.

The league's decision on the report of the Mosul boundary commission is awaited with keen interest in official British circles. The London Star, an evening newspaper, warns of the danger of war over Mosul if the Turks decide to fight Great Britain for possession of Mosul Vilayet, but well-informed circles believe this view to be unfounded and expect a satisfactory settlement at Geneva.

Would Copy British Method

Says U. S. Law Procedure Is Productive of Crime

Detroit, Mich.—Coddiction of international law, an appraisal of English procedure, and an address on liberty and law, offered a programme of diversified appeal to the 2,000 delegates attending the first sessions of the American Bar Association.

The system of criminal procedure in United States courts is so protective of criminals that it is a big factor in crime production, Chancellor H. S. Hadley, of Washington University, told the criminal laws section. Apprehension of criminals and infliction of adequate punishment are as much as 90 per cent. inefficient, Mr. Hadley said.

Trade Agreement Ratified

Australian Government Has Passed Commercial Pact With Canada

Melbourne, Australia.—The commercial trade agreement between Canada and Australia has been ratified by the Australian Senate.

The agreement, as recently amended, which provides that British goods entering Australia are entitled to the British preferential tariff, they must be seventy-five per cent. of British material and labor, instead of only twenty-five per cent. British, as was the case under the old regulations of the Commonwealth, was endorsed by the House of Representatives, a few days ago, on motion of H. E. Pratt, minister of trade and customs.

Investigating Canton Embargo

Vancouver.—The Canton embargo against British vessels is receiving the serious attention of the British and Canadian governments and other governments affected, according to a telegram received by the Vancouver Merchants' Exchange and the board of trade, from Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, in reply to messages sent to the premier on August 20.

Western Stock For Toronto Fair

Montreal, Quebec.—The purchase of two-year-old feeder steers of Hereford strain, which will be exhibited at the Canadian National exhibition at Toronto to demonstrate to the eastern feeders the quality of the stock raised in Saskatchewan. The purchase was made by Jack Myers, Dominion livestock representative.

Believe "Red" Influence Is Behind Disturbance In British Shipping

Montreal.—Behind the world-wide disturbance in British shipping is British influence, asserted J. Havelock Wilson, president of the British Seamen's Union. However, the machinations of the Communists are falling, and will continue to fall, he added. As proof of the weakness of the strike, Mr. Wilson pointed to the sailing of the Majestic from Southampton on schedule, and the progress towards normal operation made by other ships in British ports.

False news cables by Communists to Australia had precipitated the seamen's strike there, said Mr. Wilson. In British, the "Reds" had taken advantage of a reduction in pay to try to bolster up their own "dying organization," and had worked on the feelings of the sober-minded worker.

Caldwell, Ohio.—Fourteen of the crew of the Shenandoah, giant dirigible, are dead, and two others were seriously injured when the pride of the United States navy cracked during a severe storm on its western cruise from its Lakehurst, N.J., air port. Among the dead is Lieutenant Commander Zachary Lansdowne, captain of the ship.

After battling the elements for several hours, the huge aircraft suddenly shot upward to an altitude of approximately 7,000 feet from a 2,000-foot level, where the dirigible buckled midships. The pressure and twisting was so great that it broke the ship in three sections.

The control cabin, swung beneath the fore-section of the ship proper, broke away, and crashed to the ground when at an altitude of several thousand feet. It carried most of the crew who were killed.

Released of the control cabin, the fore-section, measuring about 15 feet, and bearing seven survivors, free-balloon for more than an hour and finally was landed near Sharon, 12 miles from where the control cabin crashed, near Ava.

Want Seasonal Rate For Alberta Coal

Government to Consider Question of Special Rate on Shipments

Edmonton.—Premier Greenfield's request to Hon. Mackenzie King for a supplementary order-in-council authorizing a special inquiry into seasonal rates on coal shipments, is to be brought before a government cabinet meeting as soon as the ministers can be got together. Ward to this effect has just been received from the prime minister.

In the meantime, Premier Greenfield points out that the press reports from Toronto, in which Premier Ferguson is represented as joining with Alberta in an effort to secure an extension of the time and quantity for this year's coal shipments, are somewhat off the track. His wire to the Ontario Premier was simply a request for co-operation in the appeal to the king for an order directing the railway commission to investigate the question of special rates on train lot shipments during the summer months, and Mr. Ferguson's acknowledgment indicates that he so understood it.

President Harding Memorial

Unveiling In Stanley Park, Vancouver, To Take Place Soon

Vancouver.—More than 1,000 Klondikers will be in Vancouver attending the Pacific Northwest district convention when, on September 16, the memorial to the late President Harding is unveiled in Stanley Park by J. H. Moss, of Milwaukee, international president. Representatives of the Canadian and United States Governments will attend.

Douglas J. Scott, of Winnipeg, international trustee, will be one of the leading Klondikers attending.

British Teachers Tour Canada

Toronto.—Sixty-five education authorities and members of the teaching profession from the public and secondary schools of Great Britain, who are touring the Dominion under the auspices of the Overseas Education League, have reached here.

Losing Stamina And Fibre

Says Ease of Present Day Living Leads to Moral and Physical Degeneration

An eminent New York preacher recently charged that "the ease of present day living is responsible for physical and moral degeneration in mankind"; and there is probably something in the diagnosis. To the extent that men and women are enabled to live without strenuous effort they are likely to lose in stamina and fibre. But have we reached that stage? Rev. O. T. Gilmore says we have. Our fathers were mighty and rugged, he argues, because "they were up against forces that made for strength, that continually refined and tempered their metal." He continued:

"We know almost nothing of such hardships, and our softness is absolutely tragic. The factors that made for character with our fathers are almost all gone from our lives. And it is telling on us. We have too many peevish, complaining, touch-me-not, give-me-an-easy-job, flabby weaklings. They want every control off so that the sky may be the limit for free expression of every desire, regardless of results—just so they are not interfered with. And strength of character is conspicuously absent."

This is a strong indictment, and much evidence could be adduced to support it. But it is too sweeping. It has its application almost wholly to sons of the rich, and not even to all of them. In the place of the hardships which nature and unavoidable limitations cast upon our grandfathers, and to some degree also on our fathers, we have the incentive to effort which comes from competition. There are more and richer prizes to be won today than fifty years ago, or even twenty-five years ago, and they will all go to the young men who work for them. In that struggle there is the appeal to both physical and moral courage which tends very largely to keep up the strength of the race.—The Ottawa Journal.

Fish That Is Good Marksman

Totote Shoots Water At Insects It Wishes to Devour

The totote, a fish that is well known to travellers in the islands of Malaysia, is an expert marksman. It feeds upon insects. Swimming quietly along the rivers it watches all the plants on the bank, and when it finds one with many insects on its leaves it swims up close, aims its gills with water, takes accurate aim and shoots the water with force at the insects. Its aim is absolutely accurate and the water jet never misses its object. It kills the insects and washes them into the water so that the totote may devour them. The bandrole, a large fish found on the Mediterranean shores of Africa, covers itself with mud, raises a small flag-like appendage of its lips and quietly swallows the insects. When a number of these small fish assemble around the flag the bandrole opens its large mouth and swallows them.

How Word "Tip" Originated

Derived From Ancient Word Meaning To Touch Lightly

Tip is derived from an ancient word which meant to touch lightly. So it conveyed the idea of security, and in time became applied to the little private present which we call now a tip. Practically the same word is understood in the "tip" of the racecourse, the essence of which is that it is at least supposed to be given secretly. The popular explanation is, however, far different, and the story has been told of the hotel box marked "To Insure Promptness," the contents of which was regularly shared out amongst the employees. This word, the story runs, in time, became shortened to the initials, and finally to the now word of tip. Ingenious though this explanation is, the less interesting origin from the ancient word for touching lightly and secretly is in all probability the correct one.

Believes Chinese Invented Locks

It is said the Chinese understood canal building at a very early period. They are believed to have been the first to invent locks to raise vessels from one water level to another. Evidently canal locks were in operation in China at least 1,000 years before the Christian era. In Europe there is doubt whether it was the Dutch or the Italians who first used locks on canals.

Taking No Chances

A placard to a hotel at Partenkirchen, Bavaria, reads: "Tourists undertaking to climb the higher mountain peaks are respectfully requested to settle their accounts in advance."

W. N. C. 1522

Find Transparent Fish

Deep Sea Scientists Discover Marvels On Ocean's Bed

As more and more of the remarkable finds of the Arcturus party of deep sea scientists are made public, Jules Verne becomes more and more of a tyro.

The Arcturus arrived at this port with Dr. William Beebe on the bridge, and straightway there were tales of surpassing marvels dredged up from the bed of the ocean.

Not the least of these was a fish which carries a transparent plate over its stomach. The spectator, looking through the plate, can see the workings of all the vital organs of the strange bit of life.

The expedition brought back interesting data about the 930-foot waterfall of what was once the Hudson River, 100 miles out of New York.

This waterfall has been known to scientists for a long while, but the Beebe expedition has established that the sea life there contains many hitherto unknown specimens.

Fish with complete lighting systems of their own, developed to make it possible for them to live in the darkness below the waves, were among the valuable finds.

Concerning the Hudson waterfall, Dr. Beebe said:

"The old river bed is plainly marked on the ocean bottom. The cliff over which it fell now exists and shows a fall of 930 feet, greater than any river waterfall on earth. We dredged about the foot of the cliff within 100 miles of the City Hall and found a rich deep sea life."

Several brightly lighted fish were hauled up to the surface, indicating that a white light district exists at the mouth of the Hudson. Fish that are thought to belong to hitherto undiscovered species were dredged from the bottom of the extinct waterfall. Asked what was the most remarkable thing they had caught in the whole trip, Dr. Beebe said: "We found many surprising things but the last one to be found always struck us as the most remarkable."

Inflation Period Affected Health

German Children Were Undernourished Says Minister of Interior

That the period of inflation was directly responsible for the retrogression of uphile health conditions in Germany, was maintained by Dr. Echele, the minister of the interior. In response to a query by the Social Democrats in the Reichstag, he declared that the prevailing conditions of health noticeable a few years after the war was completely undone by the inflation period of 1923. Especially a spread of constitutional diseases, like tuberculosis and rickets, was recorded.

The number of undernourished and anemic children increased to an alarming degree as the inflation progressed. Shortly after the stabilization of the country's currency, a very pronounced improvement to general health conditions became apparent. The death rate of 1924 and the early part of this year has been surprisingly low, lower in fact than ever before in peace times, or, for that matter, in any other country. Today the mortality from tuberculosis in Germany is lower than ever before.

But for all that, declared Dr. Echele, the number of children with tuberculosis and rickets is far too great. He described how the government was striving incessantly to improve health conditions among the children of the poorer classes by means of sanitary control and instruction in the schools, but especially with the aid of numerous exhibitions of hygiene and demography throughout the country.

Ship Horses To Europe

A policy, designed to open up new markets for Canadian horse breeders, has been inaugurated by the Dominion department of agriculture. The department has collected 80 head of horses, and will ship them to Europe, where there is a good market, according to present reports. All charges will be paid by the department; records will be kept, and when the horses have been sold it will be known exactly what profit, if any, was made. It is years since there has been any export trade to horses. Such matters as ocean rates and loading corals have to be arranged.

Planes Gather Mail In Flight

Mail bags are pulled aboard with a grapple without halting the planes at up-atop points on a German airline. The pouch is attached to a rope suspended between two poles in an open field. The pilot flies between the up-rights and as the plane roars past, the anchor, which already has been dropped, catches the cross rope and the pouch, jerked from the ground, is pulled up to the cockpit as the plane soars to higher levels.—Popular Mechanics.

There are 511 newspapers in Cuba, or 121 to each 1,000,000 inhabitants.

A Scientific Production

Making Tennis Ball Is a Slow Particular Process

The tennis ball of today is a scientific production, the stitchless cover requiring 10 years to perfect it. A tennis ball has not only to pass tests of weight and size, but a bounce test as well. Dropped from a height of 100 inches on to a concrete platform, and at a specified temperature, it must rebound more than 60 or less than 50 inches. The rubber core of a tennis ball is made in moulds in two separate halves, and then has to be vulcanized, or "cured," to a point of accuracy which, measured by time, is but a second. The two halves are joined during the vulcanizing process. The next step is the inflation, an operation demanding great skill. It is done through a "needle hole," which is sealed when the exact degree of inflation has been attained. There's the rubber core complete! The cover of a stitched ball is, of course, put on like a glove, and then sewn. No secret about that!

Fighting Disease With Disease

Treatment Is Said To Have Been Successfully Tried

That paralysis may be cured by infecting the sufferer with malaria fever was the belief expressed at a recent medical convention. The treatment, in which one disease is made to cure another, is said to have been tried with success. Blood taken from a malaria patient is injected into the veins of the paralytic who then has attacks of high fever. After eight or ten of these attacks, the patient is given quinine to kill the malaria germs which killed the paralysis bacilli.—Popular Mechanics.

Lands Deeded Free

Up to 10,000 acres of Kootenay flats lands will be deeded free of cost to any persons or syndicates who will undertake its reclamation on the drainage district plan, and who will sell such portions as it may be decided to dispose of at a price that will assure of the acreage reclaimed being put under crop. This is the announcement by Hon. T. D. Pattullo, minister of lands for British Columbia.

A critter is a man who sits on the fence and howls because the world isn't as wise as he feels.

New Continent Is Rising In Pacific

Land Is Being Built Up Near Hawaiian Islands

Edwin Fairaz Naulty, geophysicist, of New York, who has made a study of the oceanography of the seven seas, writes the following remarkable statements:

"Land waves on the bottom of the Pacific Ocean, caused, perhaps, by a slipping northward of the great Antarctic Polar ice cap and fortified by seismic pressure from the American coasts of the Pacific Ocean, from the Japanese Archipelago, from Alaska and the Aleutian Islands, breaking, at last, on the deep foundations of the Hawaiian Archipelago, have built up the shoulder shoals surrounding the Hawaiian Islands and seem now to be creating new land on the neckings connecting the various islands and shoals of the Hawaiian Islands."

"The expected upthrust of land, which is likely to come in this generation, will present as a gift of nature to the United States a territory in the mid-Pacific as long as from San Diego, Cal., to Queen Charlotte Sound, British Columbia, and as wide as California, or as long as from the tip of Florida to Boston, Mass. It would be a tremendous strategical advantage to the nation holding it as a productive and trade base and would grow enough sugar, rubber, copra, coffee and tea to render the United States independent of other present sources of these articles."

Only Attempted One

"How did you get on at your arithmetic examination?"

"Very well, father?"

"How many sums did you have wrong?"

"Only one!"

"Good. How many were there?"

"Twelve!"

"Fine. And the other eleven were all right?"

"Oh, no. I didn't do them."

In the summer, herds of muskoxen graze in flower-filled valleys of Ellesmere Island, the second nearest known land to the North Pole.

A speckle of snail has been known to live without food for a year and a half.

Tribute to Canadian Teachers

Make Favorable Impression and Are Popular In England

"As an empire, we mean a great deal to the world, standing as we do for culture, progress and justice, but unless our people keep together and know one another they cannot give their greatest service to the world."

This was the sentiment expressed by Mrs. Ord Marshall, C.B.E., in an interview, when she discussed the aims of the League of Empire of Great Britain, an organization which she has served as honorary secretary for 24 years. Mrs. Marshall is spending a few days in Toronto, having accompanied a group of 50 English teachers on a trip to Canada.

In reference to the exchange of teachers, Mrs. Marshall spoke of the favorable impression made by Canadians in England. "They adapt themselves in a very remarkable way," she said, "and seem so desirous of getting all the benefit they can. Their work is excellent, and they have such a sense of responsibility. They are very popular, and make friends easily with both our principals and teachers."

Heat Affects Mental Efficiency

More Mistakes Made When Temperature Climbs Above Seventy Degrees

From experiments carried out by a famous psychologist, he proved that mental efficiency is lowered, and more mistakes are made, when the temperature rises above 70 degrees. As a heat wave becomes a real "fever," natural inclination to toil, mental or otherwise, becomes steadily lower, and when the temperature is 90 degrees in the shade mistakes increase by 60 per cent. With these figures to help one it need not be difficult to impress on an employer that a day off is safer all round in the hot weather.

A forerunner of the famous trench periscope was the "hyperscope," which was invented by Francis Galton for his personal comfort in seeing over people's heads at the theatre and in crowds.

"Don't ever borrow money from him he's a shark. He wants 50 per cent. in winter and 60 in summer."

"Why more in summer?"

"Because the days are longer."

Natural Resources Bulletin

Canada Has Need, For Patriotic Teachers to Inculcate Proper Ideas Regarding This Dominion

The natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior at Ottawa, says:

With the opening of the autumn term of the schools the pupils will be again settled down to study. What this study shall be and its effect upon the after-lives of those coming Canadian men and women will depend largely upon the teachers. A set curriculum is established by the provincial education authorities which must be followed, but these regulations cannot and are not intended to eliminate individuality entirely. "We can all look back upon our school courses, whether primary or secondary, and pick out the particularly bright spots, where some of our teachers made their personality felt, in the teaching of a subject. There is no more popular subject, or one in which more latitude is possible, than that of Canada. Canadian history, Canadian geography, Canadian natural resources and their development are intensely interesting to the teacher who is one hundred per cent. Canadian and such a teacher can impress his or her pupils with the magnitude of the wonderful heritage that is theirs as young Canadians."

Canada needs to be better known, at home as well as abroad, and our own people can do much to place her advantages and opportunities before the world. The teacher, reaching the home through the pupils, especially in the newly settled areas, can have a very great influence for good. Canada has need for patriotic teachers, in order that the rising generation will appreciate the benefits and advantages that await them when they are ready to take their place in the world.

The natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior will gladly forward to teachers maps and literature on Canada that will materially help them in promoting a true Canadian spirit among their classes.

Cannot Collect For Professional Applause

Organized Hand-Clappers Deceive Public Says Vienna Judge

Organized applause constitutes a deception, Vienna judge. Persons coerced to do the hand-clapping and to voice their applause in other ways cannot claim remuneration.

The case arose from a dispute between Dr. Stefan, composer of a comic opera, entitled "Agri," and the leader of a clique at the Burgtheater, where the first performance of "Agri" was given. The leader claimed that the composer had agreed to employ the services of the clique, and that the clappers had rendered a manual service worth 500,000 crowns.

The judge declined to hear just what the arrangement between the two men was, and rendered judgment against the chief of the clappers on the grounds that the activity of a clique constitutes a fraud upon the public, and that it is "immoral."

History of the Match

Was First Introduced In England 100 Years Ago

The match recently had its 100th birthday, having been introduced in 1825 by John Walker, an Englishman, who conceived the idea of selling his matches at 1 shilling 4 pence a box. The safety match, called "Swedish" did not appear until the year 1892. This was the first match which could be lit only when struck on the box. The idea of the match, however, originated with Walker by nearly two centuries. As early as 1680, Godfrey Hallowell was using phosphorus to ignite little wooden sticks dipped in sulphur. Various experiments were made by other scientists of the day, but it was not until 1825 that the match emerged from the laboratory and was placed on the market.—Indianapolis News.

The English Of It

This is probably why the English language is so hard for foreigners to learn:

"I've lost the hoks," said the soiled shirt.

"I've lost the links," said the golfer, as he wandered aimlessly through the woods.

"I've lost the lynx," said the hunter, as he saw the tracks around his trap.

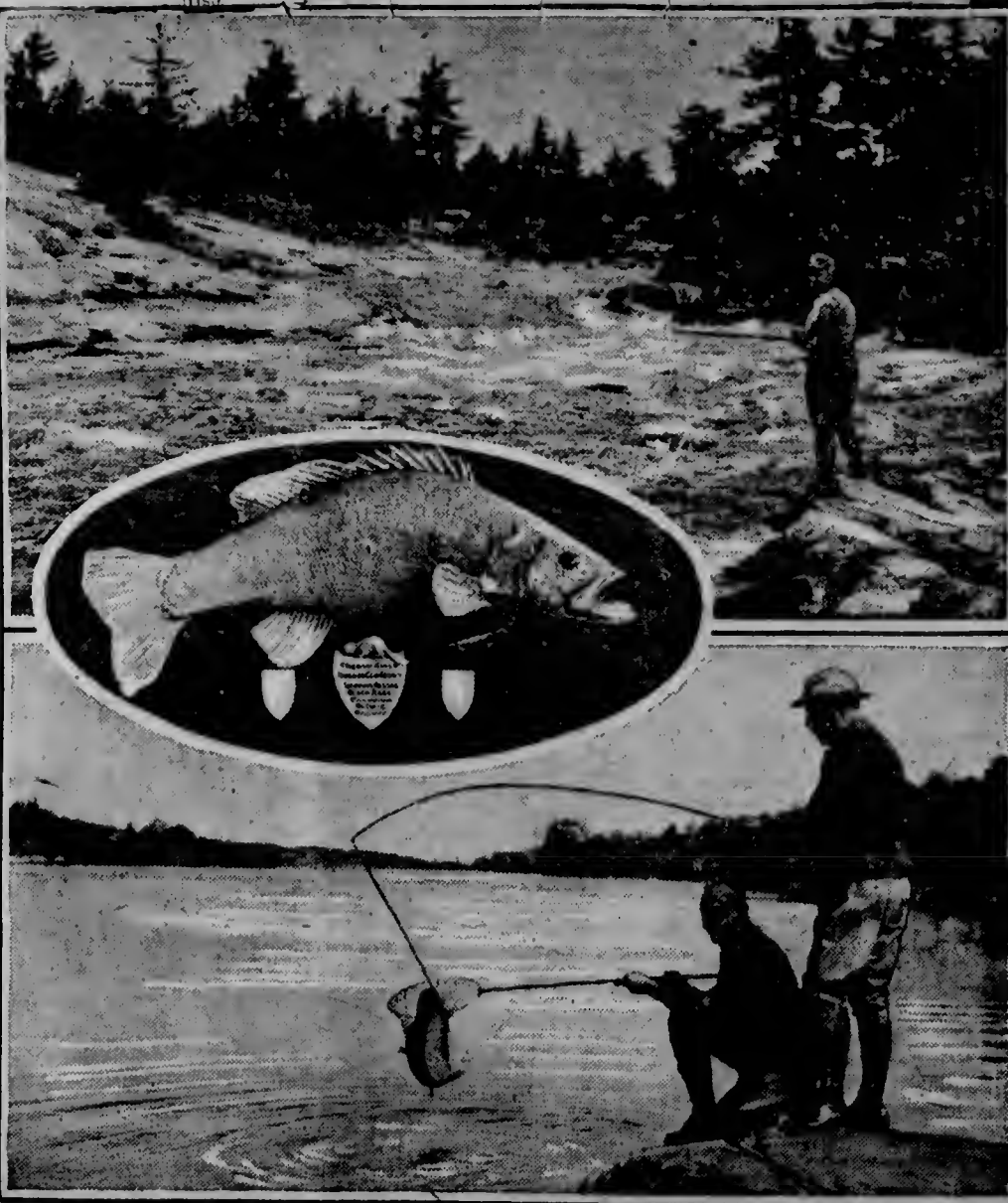
In Cipher

Cashier, after scanning the suave gentleman's check: "Beg your pardon, sir, but what's your name?"

"Say. What's the idea? Can't you read? Can't you see my signature on the check?"

"Sure I do. That's what made me curious."

French River Has Record Fishing Season



(Upper) Five Finger Rapids, French River. (Lower) Netting the Pickeral at French River. (Inset) The trophy offered each year to the angler staying at French River Bungalow Camp who catches the largest black bass during the season.

The French River district in Northern Ontario where the Canadian Pacific Railway operates a bungalow camp were taken of which the top weight is reported to be having the record season for fishing it has ever experienced. For excellence of sport and size of fish the present summer is easily bearing away the palm.

This is exemplified when it is stated that during a short stay of one party

of anglers, in the French River district in July, seventeen muscalonges were taken of which the top weight was 33 pounds, and the catch also included fish weighing 32½, 26, 24 pounds and four others weighing between 22 and 12 pounds.

The Dr. Salliekar party of six people from Cleveland report a catch of 48 bass in one day, while the next day the party hooked four muscalonges

weighing 15, 12, 9 and 8 pounds respectively.

Every year there is a fishing trophy competition in this district and contestants have put in some extremely fine fish. Among these are the catches of C. E. Gray, Jr., of Chicago, and Robert Baker, of Toledo. It is expected that the winner will be some fisher unprecedented even to the memorable angling seasons of the French River.



BARÉE, SON OF KAZAN

James Oliver Curwood

A LOVE EPIC OF THE FAR NORTH

Copyright, 1917, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

"BARÉE, SON OF KAZAN," a Vitaphone Picture, With Wolf, the War Dog, is an Adaptation of This Story

SYNOPSIS

Barée, the young wolf-dog, wandering in the wilderness, came upon a colony of beavers. He tried to make friends with Umisk, their leader, but the little animals ran away from him, leaving Barée lonely and unhappy. He was attracted by the moaning of the mouse and the yip-yap-yip of a fox, but thrilled most at the wolf cry. It was the call of his own, summoning him to the chase, the hunt, the wild orgy of torn flesh and running blood.

CHAPTER VII.—Continued.

For a quarter of an hour Barée watched him while he knocked fish out of the pool. When at last he stopped, there were twenty or thirty fish among the stones, some of them dead and others still hopping. From where he lay flattened out between the two rocks, Barée could hear the crunching of flesh and bones as the bear devoured his dinner. It sounded good, and the fresh smell of fish filled him with a craving that had never been roused by crayfish or even partridge.

Twenty seconds after the last of Wakayoo had disappeared in a turn of the creek, Barée was under the broken balsam. He dragged out a fish that was still alive. He ate the whole of it, and it was delicious.

Barée now found that Wakayoo had solved the food problem for him, and this day he did not return to the beaver pond, nor the next. The big bear was incessantly fishing up and down the creek, and day after day Barée continued his feasts.

For a week life continued to be exceedingly pleasant. And then came the day when the hunger for Barée as that other day, long ago, had meant for Kazan, his father, when he killed the man-beast in the edge of the wilderness.

This change came on the day when, in tramping around a great rock near the waterfall Barée found himself face to face with Pierrot, the hunter, and Nepeese, the star-eyed girl who had shot him in the edge of the clearing. It was Nepeese whom he saw first. If it had been Pierrot he would have turned back quickly. But again the blood of his forebear was rousing strange tremblings within him. Was it like this that the first woman had looked to Kazan?

Barée stood still. Nepeese was not more than twenty feet from him. She sat on a rock, full to the early morning sun, and was brushing out her wonderful hair. Her lips parted. Her eyes shone in an instant like stars. One hand remained poised, weighted

COULD NOT SLEEP NIGHTS

Pains and Headaches Relieved by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Dublin, Ontario.—"I was weak and irregular, with pains and headaches, and could not sleep nights. I learned about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound by reading the letters in the newspapers, and tried it because I wanted to get better. I have got good results from it as I feel a lot stronger and am not troubled with such bad headaches as I used to be and am more regular. I am gaining in weight all the time and I tell my friends what kind of medicine I am taking. You may see my letter as a help to others."—Mrs. JAMES HARTO, Box 12, Dublin, Ontario.

Halifax Nurse Recommends

Halifax, N. S.—"I am a maternity nurse and have recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to many women who were childless, also to women who need a good tonic. I am English and my husband is American, and he told me of Lydia E. Pinkham while in England. I would appreciate a copy or two of your little books on women's ailments. I have one which I keep to lend. I will willingly answer letters from any women asking about the Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. S. M. COLEMAN, 24 Uniecke Street, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

W. N. U. 1593

Want Canadian Governor-General

Vancouver Native Sons of Canada Favor Canadian far Past

The Vancouver Assembly, Native Sons of Canada, went on record as favoring the appointment of a Canadian to the office of governor-general. Sir James Aikens, Sir Robert Borden, Sir William Muloch, Hon. Rudolph Lemieux, Sir Arthur Currie, Sir Lomer Gouin, and Rt. Hon. W. S. Fielding, were suggested as suitable for the position.

yards ahead of her Pierrot gave a warning shout. Barée had turned. Almost in the same breath he was tearing over his back-trail, directly toward the Willow. He did not see her in time to stop or swerve aside, and Nepeese flung herself down in his path. For an instant or two they were together. Barée felt the smother of her hair, and the clutch of her hands. Then he squirmed away and darted again toward the blind end of the canyon.

Nepeese sprang to her feet. She was panting and laughing. Pierrot came back wildly, and the Willow pointed beyond him.

"I had him—and he didn't bite!" she said, breathing swiftly. She still pointed to the end of the canyon, and she said again: "I had him—and he didn't bite me, Nootawo!"

That was the wonder of it. She had been reckless—and Barée had not bitten her! It was then, with her eyes shining at Pierrot, and the smile fading slowly from her lips, that she spoke softly the word "Barée," which in her tongue meant "the wild dog"—a little brother of the wolf.

In and out among the rocks Barée sought swiftly for a way of escape. In a moment more he had come to the "box," or cup of the canyon. This was a break in the wall, fifty or sixty feet wide, which opened into a natural prison about as large in extent. It was a beautiful spot. On all sides but that leading into the coulee it was shut in by walls of rock. At the far end a waterfall broke down in a series of rippling cascades. The grass was thick underfoot, and strewn with flowers. In this trap Pierrot had got more than one fine haunch of venison. From it there was no escape, except in the face of his rifle. He called to Nepeese as he saw Barée entering it, and together they climbed the slope.

Barée had almost reached the edge of the little prison-meadow when suddenly he stopped himself so quickly that he fell back on his haunches, and his heart jumped up into his throat.

Full in his path stood Wakayoo, the huge black bear!

Barée darted to one side and ran for the open meadow. Wakayoo did not stir as Barée sped past him—no more than if he had been a bird or rabbit. Then came another breath of air, heavy with the scent of man. This, at last, put life into him. He turned and began lumbering after Barée into the meadow trap. Barée, looking back, saw him coming—and thought it was pursuit. Nepeese and Pierrot, however, saw both Wakayoo and Barée.

Where they entered into the grassy dip under the rock walls, Barée turned sharply to the right. Here was a great boulder, one end of it filled up off the earth. It looked like a splendid hiding place, and Barée crawled under it.

But Wakayoo kept straight ahead into the meadow.

(To be continued)

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother-Graves' Worm Expeller, an excellent remedy.

Guessed Right

A crowd of small boys was gathered about the entrance to a circus tent. A man standing near watched them for a few minutes. Then he walked up to the ticket collector and said with an air of authority:

"Let all these boys in and count them as they pass."

The ticket collector did as requested, and when the last one had passed in he turned and said: "Twenty-eight, sir."

"Good," said the man, smiling, as he walked away. "I thought I guessed right!"—Los Angeles Times.

Rat poisons and traps cause an expenditure of two million dollars annually in the United States.

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The absolute purity and delicate medication of Cuticura Soap make it ideal for baby's tender skin. Used daily, with touches of Ointment to little skin troubles, it keeps the skin smooth, clear and healthy. Cuticura Talcum is soothing and cooling, ideal for baby after a bath.

Sample Bath Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Dispensary, Ltd., Montreal. Price, Soap 25¢, Ointment 25¢ and Talcum 25¢. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25¢.

Comet Had Several Tails

Six Diverged From Head at One Discovered in 1743

It is reported from Germany that photographs taken of the comet Orkisz show that it has now developed a second tail. This tail cannot be seen with a telescope. The primary tail also is, to all intents and purposes, merely a photographic object, only the vaguest, indications of it being perceptible in a telescope. A duplicity, or even multiplicity, of tails is by no means an uncommon occurrence, although it is not often seen in objects so faint as the present comet. The great comet of 1743, discovered by Klinkenberg, had six tails diverging like the ribs of a fan from its head. In some comets the tails are curved, in others they are straight, while often curved and straight tails exist together.

KEEP BABY WELL DURING HOT WEATHER

Every mother knows how fatal the hot summer months are to small children. Cholera infantum, diarrhoea, dysentery, colic and stomach troubles are rife at this time and often a precious little life is lost after only a few hours' illness. The mother who keeps Baby's Own Tablets in the house feels safe. The occasional use of the Tablets prevent stomach and bowel troubles, or if trouble comes suddenly—as it so often does—the Tablets will cure it. Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all druggists or will be mailed on receipt of price, 25 cents per box, by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. A little booklet, "Care of the Baby in Health and Sickness," will be sent free to any mother on request.

Not All Friendliness

Famous Author's Concern For Young Beginner Included Himself

A famous author and an ambitious beginner arrived together at a small hotel. On the second day of their stay the author took the landlady aside, and said: "I want to talk to you about this young friend of mine. He is new to the writing game, and makes very little money. I wish you'd make his bill as small as possible." The landlady, gratified at the great man's friendly attitude, promised to do as requested, until the author added: "By the way, don't let my bill be any bigger than his. It would humiliate him. Boys like that are extremely touchy."

Internally and Externally It is Good.

The crowning property of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is that it can be used internally for many complaints as well as externally. For sore throat, croup, whooping cough, pains in the chest, colic and many kindred ailments it has qualities that are unsurpassed. A bottle of it costs little and there is no loss in always having it at hand.

Cure For Social Cancers

Better Discipline and Higher Ideals For the Youth of the Land

We are convinced that the best cure of most of our social troubles is to be applied in the childhood of the nation, in the formation of self-discipline, self-respect and right doing and in the acquiring of ideals and standards of conduct. In the Boy Scouts under good masters is one of the best counter agents to evil influences. The wider Americans spread the foundation of sound childhood, healthily exercised, self-disciplined and convinced that the right thing is the strong thing, not the weak, the more we shall be getting rid of our social cancers.—Chicago Tribune.

A little girl, on arriving into at school for the third time, was scolded by her teacher and told to write a composition on "Punctuality."

After a strenuous quarter of an hour she produced the following: "Punctuality is knowing where to make stops."

Minard's Liniment for Distemper

A Canadian Explorer

Major Burwash Starts On a Long Patrol of Northern Points in Canada.

When Amundsen made his spectacular flight to the North Pole—or to some point in its vicinity—the whole world was interested. When the McMillan expedition, thoroughly outfitted and equipped in every way for its work of Arctic exploration set out, every item of news about the trip is featured in the press of the world.

Less is heard about the trip a Canadian is making into the far north. The magazine published by the interior department of Ottawa gives some particulars about the little advertised adventure on which Major L. T. Burwash, of the government service, has embarked. Major Burwash has started on a long patrol from the mouth of the Mackenzie River to Hudson's Bay. He goes alone on his two legs, expects to be two years on the journey, and to live with the Eskimos he encounters on the way. He will study the country, estimate the population, make astronomical and meteorological observations, and take notes on bird, animal and floral life. He expects at the end of two years to come out either at Repulse Bay or Chesterfield Inlet, as convenience at the end of the trip may determine.

There is no great publicity about such an adventure as that of Major Burwash. Nor is it unusual for men in the Canadian service to make these long and arduous northern journeys. Men of the department of the interior are forever doing it, as are men of the Mounted Police. There is scarcely an annual report of the Mounted Police issued that does not contain a brief but graphic report of a trip covering long months and thousands of miles on foot, by canoe, dog-sled and snowshoes. These trips are often made by men of action, not writers, or some wonderful books of travel would appear.—Regina Leader.

London Zoo Loses Old Exhibit

White Bear Has Been Entertaining Feature For 22 Years

Sam, the great white bear which has been one of the most entertaining features of the London zoo for 22 years, was recently sentenced to die a military death and was formally shot.

For six months he steadfastly refused to take a bath, although, when he was in his prime, scrupulous attention to his appearance was one of his many pleasing characteristics.

The reason for Sam's loss of interest in life is domestic. For 19 of his 24 years he was the henpecked husband of a wife even more famous than himself. She died and efforts to find Sam a new wife failed.

Lizzie, three years old and decidedly flapper in her ways, was introduced, but Sam resisted all her charms, treating her with rude coolness until one day Lizzie angered him beyond endurance and he ducked her in the pool and sat on her head. That ended Lizzie's career as Sam's wife, and nearly ended Lizzie's life.

Respect For Law

If Chicago has thirteen times as many murders as all Canada she cannot plead the "new country" excuse. The fact is that English law and the spirit of English law-abidingness work wonderfully in the newest countries on earth.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Fine Record of Imperial Airways

Britain's air transportation company. The Imperial Airways, which came into existence May, 1924, recently completed 1,000,000 miles of flying. During the past 12 months aeroplanes carrying \$10,000,000 worth of bullion, 15,000 passengers and 1,000 tons of freight have flown across the channel at 100 miles an hour.

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English Oaks Becoming Rare

Nat Good Far Use Until Tree Is 400 Years Old

England's famed oaks are disappearing. Many oaks were cut down during the war, as the wood was urgently needed. Said a botanist, "The wood of an oak is not really any good until the tree is 400 years old, and people today cannot afford to grow oaks for posterity. Originally large parts of England were covered with oaks. The tree is almost a rarity now in some places. It is said that an oak takes 400 years to grow to full size, is mature for another 400 years, and takes 400 years more to decay. In some cases I should say this is true."

HUNTERS!

Take a bottle of Minard's to the woods with you. Splendid for sprains, cuts, bruises.



The Height Of Candor

Mrs. A.—"I make it a rule never to ask another to do what I would not do myself."

Mrs. B.—"But, my dear, surely you don't go to the door yourself and tell your caller you are not at home."

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Miss Blanche VanOrman
in charge.

Marcel 75c
Reset 50c

Three Barbers
Two Baths
Shoe Shine Stand
Quick Service

THOS. OTT

Barber Shop

50 Cents

SPENT FOR A WANT AD
IS NEARLY ALWAYS A
PAYING PROPOSITION.

TWO INSERTIONS 75C

The Recorder

\$2.00

Per Year

EXTRA LIST For Raymond School Fair

- 105 Cucumbers, 6
- 106 Tomatoes, 6 ripe
- 107 Vegetable Marrow, 1
- 108 Summer Squash, 1
- 109 Pumpkin, 1
- 110 Hubbard Squash, 1
- 111 Banana Squash, 1
- 112 Green Peppers, 3
- 113 Water Melon, 1
- 114 Musk Melon, 1
- 115 Citron, 1
- 116 Cauliflower, 2
- 117 Best Sugar Beets, 3
- 118 Rhubarb, 6 sticks
- 119 Sheaf of Cane
- 120 Collection of sheaves taken from section 3
- 121 Apples, 3 large ones.
- 122 Apples, Crab, 6
- 123 Strawberries, 1 pt., ripe
- 124 Plums, 1 pt.
- 125 Grapes, 1 pt.
- 126 Cherries, 1 pt.
- 127 Dewberries, 1 pt.
- 128 Peas, 1 pt., ripe.
- 129 Beans, 1 pt., ripe.
- 130 Onions, 6
- 131 Raspberries, 1 pt.
- 132 Pair of Rabbits
- 133 Pair of Guinea Hens
- 134 Pair of Pigeons
- 135 Pair of Turkeys
- 136 Pair of Geese
- 137 Pair of Ducks
- 138 Best Display of Cooking, under 15 years.
- 139 Best Display of Sewing, under 15 years.
- 140 Best Display of Thrift Problem Sewing.
- 141 Best Display of Vegetables
- 142 Best Display of Live Stock
- 143 Best Display of Candy, home-made

- 144 Loaf of Bread from (O. B.) Ellison's
- 145
- 146 Loaf of Bread from (R. H.) Ogilvie's
- 147
- 148
- 149 Loaf of Bread from Purity
- 150
- 151 Liberty Elevator

GRADE ELEVEN

- 1 Best collection of pictures of Farm Live Stock
giving name of breed and its place in Agri-
culture.
- 2 Best Poster
- 3 Best Decorative Landscape
- 4 Best Collection of Art
- 5 Best Collection of Scientific Drawings from
prescribed physics course with explanations
lettered.

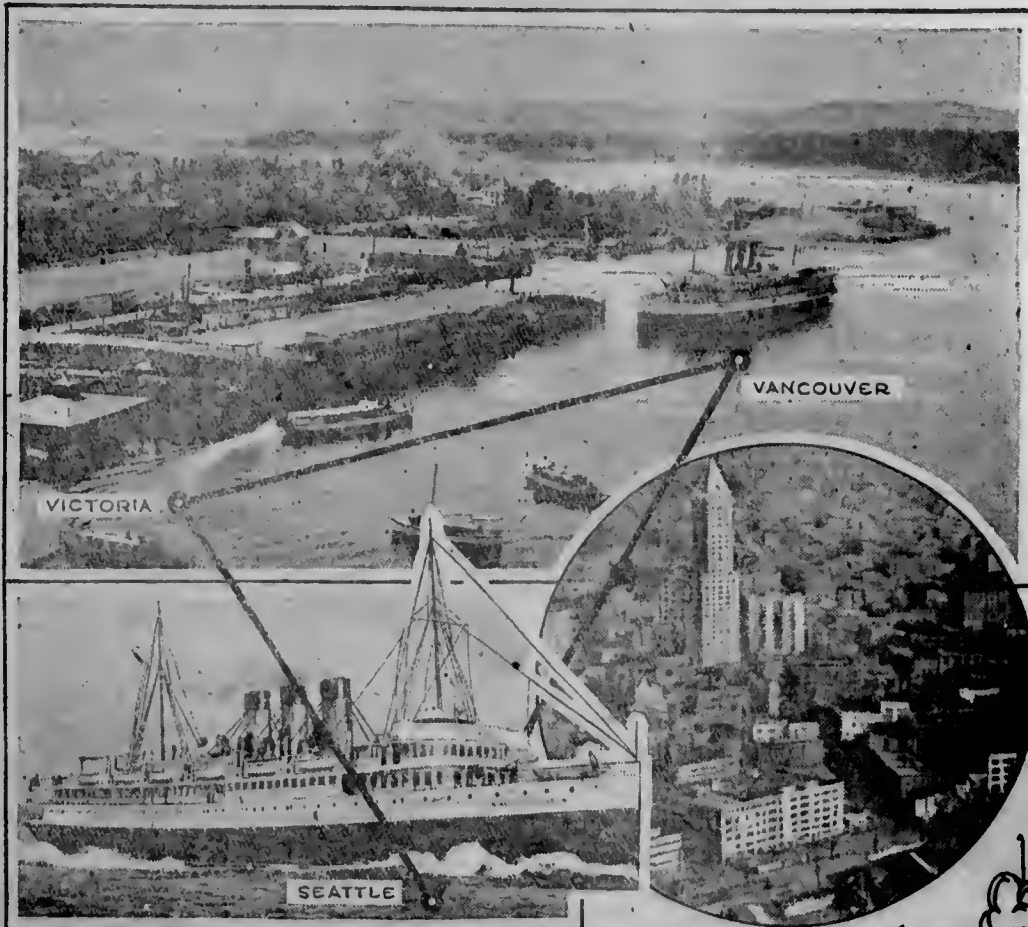
GRADE TEN

- 1 Best Collection of Insects, mounted and classi-
fied as beneficial and injurious to agriculture.
- 2 Best Collection of Wild Plants, Mounted.
- 3 Best collection of Grains, mounted and named.
- 4 Best Collection of Wild Grasses, mounted.
- 5 Best Collection of Forage Plants, mounted.
- 6 Best Collection of Noxious Weeds, mounted
and named.
- 7 Best Collection of Weed Seeds in vials, named.
- 8 Best Collection of Soils in bottles, named.
- 9 Best Collection of Pictures of Animals, wild
and domesticated.
- 10 Best Collection of Pictures of Birds of Alberta.
- 11 Best Collection of Garden Vegetables selected
from any source, (number in important con-
sideration).

GRADE NINE

- 1 Best Collection of Rock Fragments in case,
classified as sedimentary, igneous
and metamorphic.
- 2 Best Collection of Pictures of Animals, and
Plants showing adaptation to environment.
Notes will be considered.

The Tourist's Eternal Triangle



Someone has just published a book about Canada. It is only a little book—about eighty pages—but it contains an astonishing amount of information. It will tell you how many cities there are in Canada; how many people there are in those cities; how many bushels of wheat were grown in 1924 and how much money the government makes out of the business of governing. It will also tell you, incidentally, that Victoria, B.C. is one of the most beautiful cities of the world and that Vancouver has the second finest harbor there is anywhere.

That is the right sort of book to publish. There is nothing vague, nor indefinite nor yet inaccurate about the information it gives. It errs, if at all, in being a trifle too modest. Victoria, is indeed one of the most beautiful cities in the world, but that is not all one can say about it. It is the capital of British Columbia and as such is the centre of the province's recreational, industrial, and social activities and that's saying a whole lot. Then there's Vancouver. Look at its bathing beach. No wonder the citizens have built the second finest harbor in the world when they have a great and beautiful slab of the Pacific Ocean to fling themselves and each other into to revolve their weary bodies and minds whenever the business of operating their famous harbor becomes burdensome.

These two cities are linked with each other and with Seattle, to the south, by what is known as the Triangle Route of steamships of which the Princess Kathleen, of the Canadian Pacific Coastal service is a member. The 'Kathleen' recently made her inaugural trip on this route and is now permanently in the service.